

МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОСВІТИ І НАУКИ УКРАЇНИ  
ХАРКІВСЬКИЙ НАЦІОНАЛЬНИЙ УНІВЕРСИТЕТ  
імені В. Н. КАРАЗІНА

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## **АНАЛІТИЧНЕ ЧИТАННЯ**

Навчально-методичний посібник

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Посібник призначений для студентів II курсу англійського відділення факультету іноземних мов. Мета посібника полягає в ознайомленні студентів зі зразками класичної англійської літератури, в розвитку та удосконаленні навичок аналітичного читання. У посібнику представлені вправи лексичного, граматичного та аналітичного спрямування, що мають допомогти студентам розвинути іншомовну компетенцію та набути достатній лексичний запас за темами аналітичного читання, а також за темами граматики («Умовний стан», «Артикль»). Вправи передбачають поглиблену роботу студентів як на заняттях, так і під час самостійного опрацювання матеріалу.

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## ВСТУП

Цей посібник з аналітичного читання являє собою комплекс завдань для формування та розвитку навичок аналітичної, лексичної та граматичної компетенції. Посібник адресовано студентам II курсу мовних спеціальностей, які вивчають англійську мову як основну. Видання має чітку і прозору структуру, підпорядковану меті, яка полягає в ознайомленні студентів з кращими зразками класичної англійської літератури, в розвитку та удосконаленні навичок аналітичного читання та набутті достатнього лексичного запасу за наведеними темами.

Посібник складається з двох розділів і йому притаманна двофокусна структура, при якій кожен розділ містить мовний і граматичний аспекти. Запропонована модель опанування аналітичного читання як базового компонента викладання курсу практичної англійської мови студентам II курсу уможлиблює паралельне ознайомлення студентів з активними одиницями вокабуляру і граматичними конструкціями. Структура книги повністю відповідає робочій програмі навчальної дисципліни «Англійська мова», що складена відповідно до освітньо-професійної програми підготовки бакалаврів за спеціальністю «035 філологія», спеціалізація «Германські мови і література».

Навчально-методичний посібник віддзеркалює освітній напрям робочої програми підготовки студентів II курсу факультету іноземних мов і складається з вправ на розвиток навичок та вмінь з базових аспектів вивчення англійської мови. Отже, запропонований комплекс всебічно розвиває іншомовну компетенцію студентів II курсу в межах робочої програми кафедри англійської філології, факультету іноземних мов Харківського національного університету імені В. Н. Каразіна.

## Lesson 1

**Text:** Crabbe's Practice (after Arthur Conan Doyle<sup>1</sup>)

### Crabbe's Practice

Crabbe took his degree<sup>2</sup> a year before I did, and went down with his young degree, and a still younger wife, to a large port in England, which we will call Brisport. At that time I was acting as assistant to a medical man in Manchester, and heard little from my friend.

One day to my surprise I received a telegram from Mrs. Crabbe asking me to run down to Brisport to see her husband, as he was far from well.

I certainly found Crabbe changed very much for the worse, though he brightened up wonderfully at the sight of an old Friend.

After dinner the three of us sat down to talk things over. It seemed Tom had a lot to complain of. "If I could make myself known it would be all right. The place seems to be overcrowded with doctors. I wouldn't mind if these other fellows were good men<sup>3</sup>, but they are not. Yet they make a pound to my shilling."

"Couldn't we get up some incident," said I, "which would make your name known to the public?"

"My dear Barton, that's exactly what I want. If I could manage to get my name into the Brisport Chronicle it might be the making of me. Wait a bit till I think."

Tom seemed lost in thought. "Can you swim?" he asked.

"Fairly<sup>4</sup> well."

"Then come out," said Tom.

I couldn't get a word out of him as to his intentions, so I just walked along beside him, wondering what he was going to do.

Our first stoppage was at a small dock which is crossed by an iron bridge. He hailed the boatman and inquired about the terms of boat hire. Then, to the boatman's disappointment, we set off in the opposite direction.

Our next stoppage was at the Jolly Mariner's Arms<sup>5</sup>. Did they keep beds? Yes, they kept beds. We then went to the chemist's. Did he keep a galvanic battery? Once again the answer was in the affirmative, and with a satisfied smile Tom Crabbe headed for home, leaving some very angry people behind him.

That evening, over tea, he told us his plan — and the council of three accepted it, with the immediate result that I at once moved to the Brisport Hotel.

It was nearly nine o'clock when I woke up next day. I jumped out of bed and started to dress hurriedly. "Well," I said to myself, "If old Tom Crabbe doesn't get his name in the papers today, it isn't my fault. I wonder if any friend would do as much for me!" I swallowed a cup of coffee and set out.

Brisport seemed unusually lively this morning. As I reached the little dock with the iron bridge I caught sight of a man. There was no mistaking the hat and spectacles of Thomas Crabbe.

I passed him without sign of recognition and went straight to the boathouse.

“Could I hire a boat for an hour?” I asked the boatman.

“One minute, sir,” he said. “Would you want me to row you, sir?”

“Yes, you’d better.”

“Aye, aye<sup>6</sup>, sir,” said he and away we went. At the end of the hour we turned back and pulled up to the quay.

“Give me the oars,” said I. “I want a bit of exercise — let us change places,” and I stood up.

“Take care!” cried the boatman, but it was too late. With a sharp, melodramatic cry I fell overboard.

I hardly realised what I was going to do until I had done. It was not a pleasant feeling to have the water closing over one’s head. I struck the bottom with my feet, and shot up again to the surface. The boatman came to my rescue at once. He hit me a painful blow on the head with something and I went down again. When I came up next time the boatman seized me by the hair of my head as if he would tear my scalp off and got me to land.

There I lay on the hard stones of the quay. “He’s gone, poor fellow!” said someone.

“Quite dead.” “Turn him upside down.” “Nothing will cure him.” “Feel his pulse.”

“Stop,” said a firm voice — “Stop! What has occurred? Can I be of any help? I am a physician.”

“A man drowned,” cried several voices.

“My name is Doctor Crabbe. Dear me, poor young gentleman. Take him up to the tavern.”

We got to the Mariner’s Arms. At Crabbe’s request I was stripped and laid in the best bed. The news of the accident seemed to have spread, for there was a crowd in the street. Tom insisted that everybody except a dozen of the more respectable of the townspeople should leave the room.

“Shall I bring brandy?” said the landlady.

“Yes, and towels – but the brandy first.”

“Why, he’s drinking it,” said the landlady, as she put the glass to my lips.

“A reflex, automatic action,” said Tom. “My good woman, any corpse will drink brandy if you give it some. Stand aside and we will try Marshall Hill’s treatment.”

After a quick examination Tom started pushing me about in a very rough manner.

“It’s hopeless,” he said at last, stopping and covering my head with the bedclothes.

“Send for the police!” and he walked towards the door. There he hesitated. A thought seemed to strike him, and he turned back. “There is yet a possible hope,” he said, “we have not tried electricity. I am doubtful, though, that the treatment should help.” He sent a boy to the nearest chemist’s to fetch a galvanic battery.

“Now, gentlemen,” said Tom, “I believe I may say that I am the first practitioner in Great Britain who has used electricity for this purpose. I warn you that I have seen it produce surprising effect: it may again in this case.”

It certainly did. Tom always said that it was an accident, but, as it was, he sent the strongest current through my body adding greatly to my suffering. I gave one loud cry and jumped out of bed right into the middle of the room.

“You idiot!” I shouted shaking my fist in Tom’s face.

Tom’s usual presence of mind saved the situation. “A miracle!” he cried, “Send for a cab. Poor fellow,” Tom continued, “he’s alive, but he has developed some dangerous symptoms. Now help me lead him to the cab. If any of you have any information to give which might throw light on this case my address is 81 George Street. Remember, Doctor Crabbe, 81 George Street.”

I could not stay in Brisport long for I got a telegram from my principal demanding that I should return immediately. I waited long enough to get an early copy of the Brisport Chronicle. A column and a half was about Dr Crabbe and the extraordinary effects of electricity upon a drowned man.

As to the financial success of our little experiment I can only judge from the following letter from Tom Crabbe:

Dear Jack,

You want to know how all goes in Brisport, I suppose. Well, I’ll tell you. I’ve never had a day since our little joke without half a dozen new names on the list. Just let me know when you are going to set up, and I’ll manage to run down, old man, and give you a good start in business.

Good-bye. Love from Missus<sup>7</sup>.

Ever yours,

Thomas Waterhouse Crabbe,

M.B.<sup>8</sup> Edin<sup>9</sup>.

81 George Street,

Brisport.

## NOTES

1. **Arthur Ignatius Conan Doyle** was born on May 22, 1859, in Edinburgh, Scotland. The Doyles were a prosperous Irish-Catholic family. He trained as a doctor, gaining his degree from Edinburgh University in 1881. He worked as a surgeon on a whaling boat and also as a medical officer on a steamer travelling between Liverpool and West Africa. He is best known for his detective stories about the fictional character of Sherlock Holmes of Baker Street, London, and his friend Dr Watson, as *The Sign of the Four* (1889), *Adventures of Sherlock Holmes* (1891), *The Memoirs of Sherlock Holmes* (1893), *The Hound of the Baskervilles* (1902), *Return of Sherlock Holmes* (1904).

2. **Degree**: in a university it is a title to one who has finished a course of studies and passed an examination.

3. **Good men**: good doctors.

4. **Fairly**: it is mainly used with ‘favourable’ adjectives and adverbs (e.g. good, nice, bravely, well, etc.) while **rather** is used in this sense either before ‘unfavourable’ adjectives or adverbs (e.g. bad, silly, ugly, poor, etc.) or before ‘neutral’ ones to which it will add a negative meaning. E.g. 1. You seem to have done fairly well in your exam, but your friend did rather badly. 2. It was rather warm in the room

(meaning “too” warm for one’s comfort).

5. **Jolly Mariner’s Arms:** the name of a tavern which was also an inn.

6. **Aye** *int.* yes.

7. **Missus:** a familiar way of speaking of one’s wife.

8. **M.B.:** Bachelor of Medicine, Bachelor being the first university degree.

9. **Edin.:** Edinburgh, here — University of Edinburgh.

## VOCABULARY NOTES

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>practice</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>1) You must have more <u>practice</u> if you want to speak a foreign language well. They wanted to see the machine <u>in practice</u>. Have you done your <u>piano practice</u>?</p> <p>2) to put smth (a plan, a new method, etc.) into practice</p> <p>3) to be out of practice</p> <p>4) Dr Brown had <u>a large practice</u>;</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>to practise</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>5) <u>to practise</u> a new method in one’s work You should <u>practise</u> a lot to be a good figure-skater. Today we are going <u>to practise parking</u>.</p> <p>6) to practise medicine (law, etc.);</p> <p>7) <b>Idiom:</b> Practise what you preach</p>	<p>1) практика, дія, застосування, навчання</p> <p>2) застосовувати на практиці, здійснювати (план, новий метод і т. п.)</p> <p>3) не мати практики, загубити навичку</p> <p>4) клієнтура (доктора, юриста)</p> <p>5) тренуватися; застосовувати</p> <p>6) займатися діяльністю професійно (медициною, правом)</p> <p>7) практикувати те, що проповідуєш; жити згідно з власними переконаннями</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>opposite</b> <i>a</i></p> <p>1) the <u>opposite</u> side (point of view, direction, etc.) He went <u>in the opposite direction</u>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>opposite</b> <i>adv/prep</i></p> <p>2) He took a seat <u>opposite</u> me.</p>	<p>1) протилежний, зворотний</p> <p>2) навпроти, проти, по інший бік</p>

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>act</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) We must <u>act</u> at once. He <u>acted</u> like a hero. She <u>acted</u> with dignity.</p> <p>2) <b>Phr.</b> act as He <u>acted as (a) guide</u> during the trip.</p> <p>3) Who <u>acted</u> the main part in the play?</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>action</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>4) The time for <u>action</u> came. We should judge a man by his <u>actions</u> not by his talk.</p> <p>5) <b>Phr.</b> take action(s); in (out of) action;</p> <p>6) Act your age!</p>	<p>1) діяти, чинити, поводитися</p> <p>2) працювати, діяти в якості</p> <p>3) грати (на сцені)</p> <p>4) вчинок, дія</p> <p>5) вживати заходів, починати діяти; на ходу, діючий/несправний, непрацевдатний</p> <p>6) Припини блязнювати! Поводься як доросла людина!</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>I. sight</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>1) He has <u>good (poor, failing, etc.) sight</u>.</p> <p>2) <b>Phr. at</b> first sight</p> <p>3) <b>Phr. at</b> the sight of</p> <p>4) <b>Phr. to catch sight of / to lose sight of</b></p> <p>5) short-sighted <i>a</i> 6) long/far-sighted <i>a</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>II. sight</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>a beautiful (poor, ugly, etc.) sight We had had an all-night party and place <u>looked a bit of a sight</u>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>sights</b> <i>n</i></p> <p><b>Phr. to go</b> <u>sightseeing</u></p>	<p>1) зір; погляд; поле зору</p> <p>2) з першого погляду / на перший погляд</p> <p>3) побачивши</p> <p>4) побачити, помітити / випустити з уваги, прогавити</p> <p>5) короткозорий</p> <p>6) далекозорий</p> <p>вид, видовище</p> <p>оглядати визначні пам'ятки</p>



<p><b>complain</b> <i>vt/vi</i></p> <p>1) to complain <b>of</b> a headache (pains in the stomach, etc.)</p> <p>2) to complain <b>to</b> smb <b>about/of</b> difficulties (hard work, late delivery of the goods, etc.); The work was hard but he never <u>complained</u>.</p> <p><b>complaint</b> <i>n</i></p> <p><b>Phr.</b> make a complaint <b>against</b> smb His parents <u>made a complaint against</u> the head teacher.</p>	<p>1) скаржитися, виражати невдоволення</p> <p>2) скаржитися комусь про щось</p> <p>1) невдоволення, скарга</p> <p>2) подати скаргу, поскаржитися</p>
<p><b>intend</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) What do you intend to do about it?</p> <p><b>intention</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>2) He had <u>no intention(s) of changing</u> his plans. It is <u>our intention to be</u> the number one distributor.</p> <p>3) good intentions / the best (of) intentions; He thinks the minister <u>is full of good intentions</u> that won't be carried out. Although I planned the family reunion <u>with the best of intentions</u>, it turned into hours of fighting between relatives.</p>	<p>1) мати намір</p> <p>2) намір</p> <p>3) добрі / кращі наміри (спонукання)</p>
<p><b>inquire</b> (enquire) <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) to inquire the way (smb's name, address, etc.) <b>of</b> smb; He <u>inquired</u> what our intentions were;</p> <p>2) to inquire <b>after</b> (<b>about</b>) smb (smb's health, etc.)</p> <p>3) to inquire <b>into</b> (the matter, etc.)</p> <p><b>inquiry</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>5) <b>Phr.</b> make inquiries (<b>about</b> smb/smth <b>from</b> smb)</p>	<p>1) запитувати, дізнаватися</p> <p>2) справлятися, наводити довідки</p> <p>3) розслідувати, з'ясувати</p> <p>4) запит, наведення довідок</p> <p>5) наводити довідки про ... у...</p>

<p><b>terms</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>1) What are <u>the terms of</u> the contract? The firm was prepared to buy the goods <u>on the terms</u> offered by the sellers.</p> <p>2) <b>Phr.</b> to come to terms with, to make terms with</p> <p>3) to be on good / friendly terms <b>with</b></p> <p>4) <b>Phr.</b> to be on first name terms</p>	<p>1) умови</p> <p>2) дійти згоди, прийняти чиїсь умови, примиритися</p> <p>3) стосунки</p> <p>4) бути на ти з кимось</p>
<p><b>hire</b> (Br.E.) <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) to hire a car (a hall, a boat, a servant, etc.)</p> <p><b>hire</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>The garage has cars <u>for hire</u>.</p>	<p>1) наймати, знімати, брати напрокат</p> <p>2) наймання, прокат</p>
<p><b>direct</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) to direct business (work, people, etc.)</p> <p>2) to direct one's efforts (attention, steps etc.) <b>to</b>; Can you <u>direct me to</u> the station? The ship <u>was directed to</u> another port.</p> <p><b>direction</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>3) <b>Phr.</b> in the direction of</p>	<p>1) керувати, управляти</p> <p>2) направляти, спрямовувати</p> <p>3) у напрямі</p>
<p><b>sign</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>1) He gave them a <u>sign</u> to leave. A dark cloud is a <u>sign</u> of rain.</p> <p>2) What does <u>the sign</u> read?</p>	<p>1) знак, ознака, прикмета</p> <p>2) вивіска, оголошення (на магазині, готелі)</p>
<p><b>pain</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>1) to feel (have) a bad (sharp, slight) pain in; He felt (a) <u>sharp pain in</u> the arm. My leg <u>gives me much pain</u>.</p>	<p>1) біль (гострий, незначний)</p>

<p>2) <b>Idiom:</b> No pain, no gain</p> <p><b>painful</b> <i>a</i></p> <p>3) a painful operation (moment, sight, etc.)</p> <p><b>painless</b> <i>a</i></p> <p>4) It was a painless operation.</p> <p><i>Syn.</i> <b>ache</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>5) a continuous, not sharp pain; headache, toothache, stomach-ache, earache, backache</p> <p>I had <u>a dull headache</u> yesterday. Some people have <u>(a) bad earache</u> when the plane is losing height.</p> <p>6) <u>But:</u> to have <u>a sore throat, eye, finger.</u></p> <p><b>ache</b> <i>vi/vt</i></p> <p>7) My ear <u>aches</u>. After climbing the mountain he <u>ached</u> all over.</p> <p><i>Cf.:</i> <b>hurt</b> <i>vt/vi</i></p> <p>8) It <u>hurts</u> the eyes to look at the sun. My foot <u>hurts (me)</u> when I walk.</p>	<p>2) без труда нема плода</p> <p>3) який завдає болю, болісний, тяжкий, неприємний</p> <p>4) безболісний</p> <p>5) біль (тривалий, тупий)</p> <p>6) біль у горлі, оці, пальці</p> <p>7) боліти, відчувати біль</p> <p>8) заподіювати біль</p>
<p><b>cure</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) to cure smb <b>of</b> a disease (a bad habit, etc.);</p> <p><b>cure</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>2) What is the best <u>cure for</u> a cold?</p> <p><i>Syn.</i> <b>medicine</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>What <u>medicine(s)</u> do you take <u>for</u> your headaches?</p> <p><b>(in)curable</b> <i>a</i></p> <p>Some things in this world just aren't <u>curable</u>, by any means.</p>	<p>1) лікувати, зціляти</p> <p>2) ліки, засіб</p> <p>3) (не)виліковний</p>

<p><b>request</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>1) request <b>for</b> smth; They have made an urgent <u>request for</u> international aid.</p> <p>2) to do smth <b>at</b> smb's request; 3) <b>Phr.</b> meet smb's request</p> <p><b>request</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>to request smb to do smth</p>	<p>1) прохання</p> <p>2) на чиєсь прохання</p> <p>3) задовольнити запит/прохання</p> <p>4) просити</p>
<p><b>spread</b> <i>vt/vi</i></p> <p>to spread knowledge (information, ideas, disease, panic, etc.) The news of his arrival <u>spread quickly over</u> the place.</p>	<p>1) поширювати(ся), розносити(ся)</p>
<p><b>insist</b> <i>vi</i></p> <p>1) Don't agree unless he <u>insists</u>. She <u>insisted</u> that she was right. to insist <b>on</b> smth (doing smth);</p> <p><b>insistence (insistency)</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>At Joanna's insistence we stayed the night at her house.</p> <p><b>insistent</b> <i>a</i></p> <p>an insistent demand (request, etc.)</p>	<p>1) наполягати, наполегливо стверджувати</p> <p>2) наполегливість, завзятість</p> <p>3) наполегливий</p>
<p><b>respect</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>1) to have (show) respect <b>for</b> smb He was treated <u>with respect</u>.</p> <p><b>respect</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>2) to respect a person (oneself, the law, smb's wishes or interests, etc.)</p> <p><b>respectable</b> <i>a</i></p> <p>3) a respectable person (name, district, etc.)</p>	<p>1) повага</p> <p>2) поважати, шанувати</p> <p>3) поважний, респектабельний, пристойний</p>
<p><b>treat</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) Do you know how <u>to treat a cold</u>?</p> <p>2) to treat smb <b>for</b> an illness (a disease) <b>with</b> medicine (pills, etc.)</p>	<p>1) лікувати</p> <p>2) лікувати хворобу ліками (пігулками)</p>

<p>Who <u>treated</u> your child <u>for</u> <u>scarlet fever</u>? What <u>medicine</u> are you <u>treated with</u>?</p> <p>3) to treat smb well, kindly, coldly, etc. Don't <u>treat me</u> as if I were a child. Better <u>treat his words as</u> a joke. You <u>treat the matter</u> too lightly.</p> <p>4) to treat smb <b>to</b> smth We <u>treated Mom to lunch</u> at the Savoy. Wouldn't you like him <u>to treat you to a ballet</u>? I <u>treated myself to a new dress</u>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>treat</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>5) I've never had <u>a treat</u> like that! What <u>a treat</u> it is not to have to get up early! When we were kids, a trip to the beach was <u>a real treat</u>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>treatment</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>6) Have you heard of <u>a new treatment for pneumonia</u>? 7) <b>Phr.</b> take a course <b>of</b> treatment (<b>for</b> smth) 8) Her <u>treatment of</u> the pupils is always kind and patient.</p>	<p>3) ставитися, обходитися, звертатися</p> <p>4) пригощати</p> <p>5) задоволення, насолода</p> <p>6) лікування</p> <p>7) пройти курс лікування</p> <p>8) поводження, ставлення</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>rough</b> <i>a</i></p> <p>1) a rough towel (road, voice, manner, reply, etc.) 2) a rough sea (wind, etc.) 3) a rough copy (translation, etc.) 4) a rough day (week, time etc.)</p>	<p>1) грубий, грубуватий, шорсткий</p> <p>2) бурхливий, різкий</p> <p>3) чорновий (варіант)</p> <p>4) важкий (день, період)</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>hesitate</b> <i>vi</i></p> <p>1) to hesitate <b>over/about</b> one's answer (choice, etc.) He <u>did not hesitate</u> to tell the truth. They <u>hesitated (over)</u> whether to go</p>	<p>1) вагатися, сумніватися, не наважуватися</p>

<p>there or not.</p> <p><b>hesitation</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>2) She stopped <u>in hesitation</u>. He answered <b>without hesitation</b>.</p> <p>3) <b>Phr.</b> without a moment's hesitation</p>	<p>2) вагання, нерішучість</p> <p>3) не замислюючись</p>
<p><b>purpose</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>1) What was <u>the purpose of</u> his visit? They came here <u>with a definite purpose</u>. A special commission was set up <u>for the purpose of</u> inquiring into the matter.</p> <p>2) <b>Phr. on purpose</b> He said it <u>on purpose</u>.</p>	<p>1) мета, намір</p> <p>2) навмисно</p>
<p><b>case</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>1) <b>In what case</b> would you say "How do you do"?</p> <p>2) <b>Phr. in any case</b>;</p> <p>3) <b>Phr. in no case</b></p>	<p>1) випадок, обставина</p> <p>2) за будь-яких обставин</p> <p>3) ні в якому разі</p>
<p><b>suffer</b> <i>vi</i></p> <p>1) to suffer <b>from</b> headaches (rheumatism, etc.) She <u>suffered</u> greatly.</p> <p>2) <b>Phr.</b> suffer losses;</p> <p><b>suffering</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>3) It is hard to imagine the pain and <u>suffering</u> they went through.</p>	<p>1) страждати</p> <p>2) зазнавати збитків, втрат</p> <p>3) страждання</p>
<p><b>develop</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) to develop science (industry, trade; an idea, etc.);</p> <p>2) to develop symptoms, illness (a cough, etc.)</p> <p><b>development</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>3) the development <b>of</b> industry (events, etc.); an unexpected (unforeseen, new, etc.) development</p>	<p>1) розвивати</p> <p>2) виявлятися (про симптоми і т. п.), починатися (про хворобу, кашель)</p> <p>3) розвиток, ріст</p>
<p><b>demand</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) to demand an answer (an</p>	<p>1) вимагати</p>

<p>explanation, etc.)  He <u>demanded</u> to be told the truth.  They <u>demanded</u> that immediate action should be taken.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>demand</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>2) These goods are <u>in great demand</u>.  There is a great <u>demand for</u> these goods.  3) <b>Phr.</b> meet (satisfy) demand(s)</p>	<p>2) вимога, попит  3) задовольняти потребам</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>success</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>1) His <u>success</u> was the result of hard work.  2) <b>Phr.</b> be a (roaring) success  The play was a <u>great success</u>.  He is a <u>great success</u> as an actor.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(un)successful</b> <i>a</i></p> <p>3) It was a <u>highly successful</u> campaign.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>succeed</b> <i>vi</i></p> <p>4) to succeed <b>in</b> one's work (attempts, etc.).  If you try hard you will <u>succeed</u>.  He finally <u>succeeded in</u> getting what he was after.</p>	<p>1) успіх, удача  2) мати (приголомшливий) успіх  3) (не)успішний, (не)вдалий; який (не) має успіх(у)  4) досягти мети, процвітати, мати успіх</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>judge</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) It was difficult <u>to judge</u> which of them was right.  You should not <u>judge</u> a person <b>by</b> his appearance.  He is too young <u>to judge about</u> such things.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>judge</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>2) He is a <u>good judge of</u> painting (flowers, horses, etc.)  3) <b>Phr.</b> judging <b>from (by)</b> smb's words (behaviour, etc.)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>judgement</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>He was wrong <u>in his judgement</u>.</p>	<p>1) судити, оцінювати, вважати  2) знавець, цінитель, суддя (<i>також юр.</i>)  3) судячи зі слів (поведінки)  4) оцінка, рішення, судження</p>

## WORD COMBINATIONS

English	Ukrainian
<b>far from well / real</b>	далеко не добре, далеко від реальності
<b>be lost in thought</b>	бути зануреним у свої думки
<b>set off/out</b>	вирушати в подорож, відправитися
<b>hit (strike) a blow (on the head)</b>	наносити удар (по голові)
<b>upside down</b>	догори ногами
<b>presence of mind</b>	присутність духа
<b>throw light (on/upon smth)</b>	пролити світло на, висвітлити
<b>set up (a monument, a company)</b>	встановлювати пам'ятник, засновувати компанію

## EXERCISES ON THE TEXT

*Ex. 1. Answer the following questions:*

- 1) Where did Crabbe settle down after taking his degree?
- 2) How did it happen that Barton came to see his friend?
- 3) What were Crabbe's complaints about the new place?
- 4) Why was he unable to stand competition against the local doctors?
- 5) What suggestion did Barton make?
- 6) What was the purpose of Crabbe's visits to the boathouse, the tavern and the chemist's?
- 7) Why did Barton move to a hotel?
- 8) Why did Barton set off in such a hurry next morning?
- 9) Why did he pass Crabbe without sign of recognition?
- 10) How did Barton arrange the accident?
- 11) Why did he find himself wishing he had never agreed to Crabbe's plan?
- 12) How did the boatman rescue Barton?
- 13) At what exact moment did Crabbe turn up?
- 14) How did Crabbe deal with the situation?
- 15) Why was the tavern immediately crowded with people?
- 16) Why didn't Crabbe seem to mind the presence of some of the more respectable townspeople in the room?
- 17) Why was the landlady surprised to see Barton drinking brandy?
- 18) What treatment did Crabbe try first?
- 19) Why did he instruct the landlady to call the police?
- 20) What made Crabbe hesitate at the door?
- 21) What doubts did he express?
- 22) What happened when Crabbe sent a strong current through Barton's body?
- 23) How did Crabbe save the situation?
- 24) What did the local paper write about Crabbe?
- 25) How successful was the "little experiment"?



Ex. 2. Find in the text the English for:

### Part I

1. не отримувати звісток від кого-небудь
2. змінитися на гірше
3. говорити про справи
4. домогтися того, щоб чиєсь ім'я потрапило в газету
5. не добитися ні слова щодо чиїхось намірів
6. поцікавитися умовами прокату човнів
7. на чиєсь розчарування
8. відправитися в протилежному напрямі
9. дати ствердну відповідь
10. із задоволеною посмішкою
11. попрямувати додому
12. за чашкою чаю
13. рада трьох
14. прийняти план
15. схопитися з ліжка
16. одягнутися наспіх
17. проковтнути чашку кави
18. взяти човен напрокат
19. під'їхати до причалу
20. помінятися місцями
21. впасти за борт
22. прийти на виручку
23. боляче вдарити по голові
24. чутки про подію
25. з цією метою
26. потрясти кулаком перед чиїмось носом
27. врятувати становище
28. пролити світло на те, що трапилося
29. ранковий випуск газети
30. фінансовий успіх

### Part II

- 1) отримати диплом лікаря
- 2) працювати асистентом лікаря
- 3) аптека
- 4) перевірити пульс
- 5) терапевт
- 6) огляд (лікарський)
- 7) спосіб лікування
- 8) посилити чиїсь страждання
- 9) небезпечні симптоми

- 10) випадок (у медицині)
- 11) вплив струму на кого-небудь
- 12) маленький експеримент (дослід)
- 13) почати лікарську практику

*Ex. 3. Give the four forms of the following verbs:*

set, inquire, hit, cure, spread, drown, lose, swim, keep, wake, catch, fall, strike, shoot, feel, lay, drink, occur, strip, shake, lead, throw.

## **EXERCISES ON PREPOSITIONS AND ADVERBS**

*Ex. 4. Study the following phrases: a) recall the sentences in which they are used in the text, 2) use them in sentences of your own.*

assistant to smb; to smb's surprise; at the sight of; complain of; get one's name in(to) the papers; be lost in thought; inquire about smth; set off/out; in the direction of; head for; to catch sight of; seize smb by the arm; tear off; to be of help; for some purpose; in this case; add to smb's suffering; to throw light on/upon; the effects of smth upon smb; judge from; a start in business

*Ex. 5. Fill in the blanks with prepositions or adverbs.*

### **Part I**

1. What cure would you suggest ... a bad cold?
2. She's ... high spirits today and seems to be ... good terms ... the whole world.
3. They inquired ... the terms ... express delivery.
4. We felt, not without reason, that someone who had failed to do a simple exercise was unlikely to succeed ... a more difficult task.
5. The man who rescued the child chose to remain unknown; he didn't want his name to get ... the papers.
6. There is a page missing ... the book, it looks as if somebody has torn it ... ... purpose.
7. After graduation he returned ... his native village ... the purpose ... setting ... a school there.
8. I couldn't help feeling that the letter had been left lying ... the middle ... the desk ... a definite purpose.
9. The only person who could throw some light ... the incident wouldn't talk. We just could not get a word ... ... him.
10. He did not see the coming car, and I was just ... time to seize him ... the arm and pull him away.
11. The doctor hesitated to practise the new treatment ... the patient, he wasn't sure ... the effect it might have ... the man's heart.
12. The weather was quickly changing ... the worse, and the tourists turned ... and headed ... the camp.
13. He was far ... satisfied ... the way things turned out. He sat lost ... thought.

14. You'll get the best start ... business as a medical man if you go ... some out-of-the-way place where you will be dentist, eye specialist, surgeon and physician, all ... one, but not if you stick around here as assistant ... some famous doctor.

15. Judging ... the results, you have done a good job.

16. I hear you've been complaining lately ... pains ... the heart; you should see a doctor.

17. ... his relatives' most insistent demand the patient was taken ... hospital.

## Part II INFLUENZA

One morning on waking ... Philip felt his head swim and going back ... bed discovered, ... his great surprise, that he was ill. When the landlady brought his breakfast he said he wasn't well and asked ... a cup ... tea and a piece ... toast.

A few minutes later Griffiths came ... They had lived ... the same house ... over a year, were both medical students, but had never been close. Griffiths had dropped ... to inquire ... Philip's health.

"I hear you've fallen ill. I thought I'd come ... and see if I can be ... any help. What are you complaining ...?"

"Nonsense," said Philip. "There's nothing the matter ... me. I wish you wouldn't worry ... me."

"But it isn't any trouble. You'd better let me take your temperature," Griffiths insisted. He sat ... the side ... the bed ... Philip and talked brightly ... a moment. Then he took the thermometer and looked ... it. "Now, look here, old man, you must stay ... bed. You don't need to send ... a doctor. I'll run ... the hospital and bring old doctor Deacon ... to have a look ... you. He'll examine you and he's sure to cure you ... whatever you've got."

Philip knew the old doctor, whom all the students treated ... great respect, only by sight. All the fuss Griffiths was making ... his illness only added ... Philip's suffering. But Griffiths was most insistent:

"Here, drink some hot tea." And he put the cup ... Philip's lips. "Now go to sleep and I'll fetch the old man."

... the end ... the hour he was back ... doctor Deacon.

(from "Of Human Bondage" by W.S. Maugham)

*Ex. 6. Give the English for the following phrases, using the preposition "at" in its different meanings. Use the phrases in sentences of your own.*

I. a) біля стола (вікна, двері, воріт); на кутку; біля світлофора; на узбіччі дороги;

b) бути вдома (в школі); за роботою; за обідом (вечерею); за столом (під час їжі);

c) прибути на станцію; зустрітися на вокзалі; зійти на наступній зупинці; зробити пересадку в Гонконзі; зупинитися в готелі; зупинитися біля кіоску;

d) на початку (в кінці сторінки, списку, розповіді); в кінці коридору (платформи).

- II. а) о 6-й годині; опівдні; опівночі; на світанку; на заході; вночі;  
 б) у той час; у цей час; у призначений час; в один і той же час; часом; з інтервалами в 5 хвилин; найраніше.
- III. у віці 25 років; в ранньому віці.
- IV. а) дивитися / глянути, пильно дивитися (на когось / щось); посміхнутися комусь; сміятися над чимось;  
 б) дивуватися чому-небудь; захоплюватися чим-небудь.
- V. за чийось проханням; за чийось запрошенням (наполяганням).

### MISCELLANEOUS PHRASES

вміти добре робити що-небудь; обіграти будь-кого в шахи; вказати на що-небудь; зайти куди-небудь; під'їхати до зупинки; їхати зі швидкістю 30 км на годину; принаймні; побачивши.

### EXERCISES ON LEXICOLOGY

*Ex. 7. Paraphrase the following sentences using the prefix 'over' with the word in bold type. Make other necessary changes.*

**Model:** The bus was too **crowded** for us to get in.  
 The bus was **overcrowded** and we couldn't get in.

1. His **joy** was too great for words.
2. When **doing** something you should know where to stop.
3. It seems to me that the price you **paid** for the repairs is too high.
4. He shouldn't **eat** so much, it's bad for his health.
5. He lost balance and the boat **turned** over.
6. Do they pay for the **time** spent in working after the regular hours?
7. You should take care of him, he **works** too hard.
8. She **dresses** too loudly for my taste.
9. If the **production** of goods is more than is needed to satisfy demand then it often leads to economic troubles.
10. The boy **slept** too long and was late for classes.

*Ex. 8. Paraphrase the following sentences using a noun with the suffix '-ing' instead of a verb. Make other necessary changes.*

1. What does the word 'sign' **mean**?
2. I **warned** him but he paid no attention.
3. I can't stand when people **suffer**.
4. It was very difficult to describe what he **felt** at the moment.
5. How long did it take you to **pack** the things?

*Ex. 9. Paraphrase the following sentences using a verb instead of a noun. Make other necessary changes.*

1. He was at the **head** of the expedition.
2. She ran her **eyes** over the boy with suspicion.
3. They stood **face to face**.
4. There was a large crowd on the platform and he had to push his way to his car with his **elbows**.
5. She has an annoying habit of going about and pushing her **nose** into other people's business.

*Ex. 10. Give words of the same root in Ukrainian. Compare the meaning.*

assistant, medical, galvanic, battery, melodramatic, scalp, pulse, respectable, reflex, automatic, effect, symptom, extraordinary.

*Ex. 11. Replace the words in bold type, using a suitable phrasal verb from the list. Translate the sentences into Ukrainian. Give your own examples.*

to break off	to cut off
to put off	to take off
to set off	to ring off
to go off	to keep off

1. She **put down** the receiver before I could inquire for her name.
2. You had better be careful with that gun, or it may **shoot**.
3. An unexpected development of events made us **postpone** the trip.
4. The sign **warned** the passers-by **not to walk on the freshly-cut grass**.
5. They **stopped** talking rather suddenly when I entered the room.
6. The first group of climbers **started on** their journey at sunrise.
7. We were **interrupted** in the middle of our telephone conversation.
8. He **removed** his muddy boots and put on a pair of slippers.

## VOCABULARY EXERCISES

*Ex. 12. Fill in the blanks, with a suitable word in the correct form. Translate the sentences into Ukrainian.*

to act (2)	to develop	to judge (2)	rough
action	hesitation	opposite	sign
case	to inquire (2)	pain (2)	to spread
to complain (2)	to insist (2)	purpose (2)	to succeed (3)
to cure	to intend (2)	to respect (2)	terms
to demand	intention	respect	treatment
demand			

1. The point was of particular interest and I \_\_\_ to make wide use of it in my

report.

2. In a few short sentences the inspector made clear the \_\_\_ of his visit.
3. There was a general \_\_\_ that a committee be set up to \_\_\_ into the matter.
4. The events were \_\_\_ fast, leaving little room for doubt or hesitation. The commander knew he had to \_\_\_ at once.
5. The scientist's point of view, though exactly \_\_\_ to mine, was still not without interest.
6. An outspoken man, my friend, had never made a secret of his \_\_\_, so we were fully prepared for what happened later.
7. There were moments of weakness when the patient thought the \_\_\_ was more than he could stand.
8. The head of the department wanted his orders to be obeyed and his wishes \_\_\_. In fact, he \_\_\_ on it.
9. He \_\_\_ to soften the blow, but the words he had chosen were wrong, and he only \_\_\_ in making things worse.
10. It is true that my friend's manner may be a little \_\_\_ but he has a heart of gold.
11. The forest fire was quickly \_\_\_ north. The situation \_\_\_ immediate \_\_\_.
12. Though the facts were against him, he continued to \_\_\_ that he had had no part in the accident.
13. It was strange to think he should have made the remark on \_\_\_, just to annoy us.
14. The actress had \_\_\_ her part extremely well.
15. Victory was near, another effort and we would have \_\_\_.
16. He would never agree to work for them on such \_\_\_, it was useless even asking him.
17. The doctor recommended a new \_\_\_ which had proved highly effective. Several of the \_\_\_ believed hopeless had been successfully \_\_\_.
18. Though she didn't know a word of the language, she \_\_\_ in making herself understood by gestures.
19. The patient's temperature had dropped. It was a good \_\_\_.
20. Seized with doubt I stopped in \_\_\_ at the door not knowing whether to go on with my task or leave things as they were.
21. The expert \_\_\_ the painting to be an early Raphael.
22. She was always finding fault and \_\_\_; most annoying, if you know what I mean.
23. The visitor \_\_\_ for Mr. Brown, the department manager.
24. I could see that the old man was treated with great \_\_\_ in his family.
25. He looked at the map and \_\_\_ the distance to the nearest village to be something between 100 and 150 kilometres.
26. A careful examination showed nothing out of the ordinary, yet the patient continued to \_\_\_ of a sharp \_\_\_ in the side.

*Ex. 13. Paraphrase the following, using words and word combinations from the text,*

*and making all necessary changes.*

to hesitate	far from
to judge	at first sight
to intend	to make inquiries
intention	to complain
to spread	on purpose
to suffer	

1. I recognized him **the minute I saw him**.
2. It was advisable that **questions be asked and the necessary information collected** without attracting attention.
3. For some time he **couldn't make up his mind** about the offer.
4. What she said made me wonder. It was **nothing like** the truth.
5. Every step was taken to stop the epidemic from **moving on** to other districts.
6. He had done it **specially** to annoy me.
7. She was always **unhappy about something and finding fault**, very hard to please, indeed.
8. His **plans and resolutions** are wonderful as a rule, but the trouble is that he never puts them into practice.
9. The old man had **had** rheumatism for years and now seemed quite used to the pain.
10. From what he heard the man say he **understood** him to be a man of wide learning and deep knowledge.

*Ex. 14. Speak on the following topics, using the words and expressions given below.*

### **1. Crabbe Tells His Sad Story**

to arrive; to find one's friend greatly changed for the worse; far from well; to hear smb out; to get a degree; to settle down; to set up; to complain; to have a bad time; financial difficulties; impossible to make both ends meet; to have trouble; to turn to smb for advice; to come to smb's rescue; a quick mind; to suggest; to get up an incident; to get smb's name into the papers; to be the making of.

### **2. Crabbe Thinks of a Plan But Keeps It to Himself**

to be unable to get a word out of smb as to his intentions; first (second, etc.) stoppage; the boathouse; the tavern; the chemist's; to inquire about the terms of boat hire (whether smb keeps beds, a galvanic battery); to disappoint smb; to be satisfied with the information received; to set off in the opposite direction; to head for home.

### **3. The Friends Prepare for Zero Hour**

to agree to risk one's life for one's friend's sake; to move to a hotel; to wake up; to swallow a cup of coffee; to set out; to catch sight of smb; to pass smb without sign of recognition; to hire a boat; to have smb row; to make an attempt to get hold of the

oars; to pay no attention to the cry of warning; to insist; to lose balance; a sharp, melodramatic cry; to fall over into the water; to wish; not a pleasant feeling; to have the water close over one's head; to strike the bottom with one's feet; to shoot up to the surface; to imitate an accident; to be successful.

#### **4. The Boatman Does His Bit**

to be caught by surprise; not to expect smth to occur; to keep one's head; to show presence of mind; to act quickly; without a fuss; to be used to dealing with such situations, to rescue smb; to hit smb a painful blow on the head; to seize by the hair; to drag smb to land; to have no suspicions.

#### **5. Crabbe Steps in**

to turn up; to offer one's help; to introduce oneself; a physician; to inquire what has occurred; to give instructions that; to insist; except for a dozen of the most respectable townspeople; to give smb a quick examination; to make an attempt to bring smb back to life; to try Marshall Hill's treatment; to push smb about; in a rough manner; to express one's fears; impossible to cure; a hopeless case; to be through with smb; to be up to the police; to get rid of the corpse.

#### **6. Crabbe Decides to Try His Own Method**

to occur to smb; a possible hope; not to be put off by failure; to intend; to try electricity; to hesitate; to be doubtful that ...; to have smb fetch a galvanic battery; the first to use electricity for this purpose, to warn; to produce surprising effects; harmless; to send a strong current through smb's body; to give smb a terrible shock; to add greatly to smb's suffering; extremely painful.

#### **7. The Treatment is Effective**

**the patient;** to be unable to stand the pain; to give a loud cry; to jump out of bed; to lose one's temper; to suspect; to do smth on purpose; to shake one's fist in smb's face.

**Crabbe;** to calm smb; presence of mind; to save the situation; to explain; a miracle; to develop dangerous symptoms; to need rest; to lead the patient to the cab; to keep repeating one's name and address.

#### **8. The Plan is a Success**

to succeed in getting one's name into the papers; a column and a half; to describe in detail; the extraordinary effects of electricity on a drowned man; a wonderful cure; to make a great impression on the public; to mark a turning point in smb's career; a financial success; lots of new names on the list; after all; to be worth the trouble; to send smb a letter of thanks; to offer one's services to smb.



## SPECIAL DIFFICULTIES

*Ex. 15. Translate the following sentences using 'case', 'incident', 'accident', 'chance' according to the sense.*

1. Це незвичайний **випадок**, на нього слід звернути особливу увагу.
2. Не хвилюйтеся! Він приїде в будь-якому **випадку**.
3. Кажуть, що днями тут стався нещасний **випадок**.
4. Йому слід було б знати, як треба поводитись в таких **випадках**.
5. У своїй юридичній практиці йому довелося мати справу з різними **випадками**.
6. Це неприємний **випадок**, і мені не хотілося б згадувати про нього.
7. За останній час у них було тільки два **випадки** захворювання на скарлатину.
8. Шкода, що ви втратили таку прекрасну **нагоду**.
9. Він не міг забути про кумедний **випадок**, який стався з ним одного разу.
10. Це справа **випадку**.

*Ex. 16. Fill in the blanks with the verbs 'to lie' or 'to lay' in the correct form according to the sense.*

1. You are young and a great future \_\_\_ in front of you.
2. The agreement \_\_\_ the foundation for the development of future closer contacts between the two countries.
3. After he had made inquiries into the matter he \_\_\_ the facts before the committee.
4. From the airplane we could see the valley \_\_\_ below.
5. The mother \_\_\_ her hand on the child's shoulder and he calmed down at once.
6. They are redecorating the flat and intend to \_\_\_ the floors with carpets.
7. She picked up the book which \_\_\_ open on the table and started reading.
8. He won't join us, he is \_\_\_ up with the grippe.
9. He was half \_\_\_ on the deck chair enjoying the sun.
10. The village \_\_\_ in ruins after the bombing.
11. The scene of the tragedy "Hamlet" is \_\_\_ in Denmark.
12. Some minerals \_\_\_ deep in the ground.

*Ex. 17. Test translation.*

1. У нашій країні приділяється велика увага розвитку науки.
2. За останні роки створено цілу низку науково-дослідних інститутів. Їх роботою керують відомі вчені.
3. Новий метод лікування ревматизму, розроблений групою вчених-медиків, успішно застосовується на практиці.
4. Він добре знає предмет теоретично, але у нього не було ще випадку застосувати свої знання на практиці.
5. Якщо ви хочете мати розмовну практику англійською мовою, раджу вам попрацювати з іноземною делегацією екскурсоводом.

6. Положення було небезпечним, і ми повинні були діяти негайно.
7. У їх роботі були відзначені деякі недоліки. Хотілося б знати, які заходи (кроки) вживаються в цьому напрямі.
8. Він короткозорий і тому носить окуляри.
9. У неї радісно забилося серце, коли вона побачила рідне місто.
10. Вони завжди були близькими друзями, але після закінчення інституту роз'їхалися в різні міста і втратили один одного з виду.
11. Я впевнений, що він не хотів образити вас. Він діяв з найкращих міркувань.
12. Вам кожен вкаже, як пройти до моря.
13. Я не маю наміру говорити про справи сьогодні.
14. Дізнайтеся, будь ласка, на яких умовах можна зняти зал у ресторані для вечора.
15. Коли мене попросили детально розповісти про те, що трапилося, вона подала мені знак мовчати.
16. Він не відчув ніякого болю під час операції.
17. Я можу порекомендувати вам хороший засіб від застуди.
18. Навіщо ви сієте паніку? Небезпеки ніякої немає.
19. Яка була мета його візиту?
20. Судити про людину треба не за словами, а за її вчинками.
21. Судячи з його вигляду, він чимось засмучений.
22. Не можна судити про людину за першим враженням.
23. Він наполягав, щоб йому дали можливість довести свою правоту.

*Ex. 18. Subjects for oral and written composition.*

1. Retell the story as if you were: a) Barton; b) Crabbe; c) Crabbe's wife; d) the boatman; e) the landlady; f) one of the townspeople.
2. Give character-sketches of a) Crabbe; b) Barton.
3. Write an article as it might have appeared in the Brisport Chronicle.
4. Explain why Crabbe needed advertisement.
5. Tell a story to illustrate the following proverb: "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure".

## **ADDITIONAL EXERCISES ON GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY**

*Ex. 19. Fill in the gaps with the words and phrases from vocabulary notes.*

1. She had \_\_\_\_\_ flying in various weather conditions before she could get her pilot's license.
2. She learned at an early age how \_\_\_\_\_ in social situations.
3. The medication may upset your stomach but if you experience \_\_\_\_\_ abdominal \_\_\_\_\_ call your doctor.
4. The fire \_\_\_\_\_ quickly through the building.
5. Many other critics \_\_\_\_\_ her work, but marginalize her as "the best Polish

woman artist” or “the best woman artist of Eastern Europe”.

6. Try to \_\_\_\_\_ everyone as an equal.
7. The organization \_\_\_\_\_, but ultimately chose the Italian Market.
8. Sometimes his life seemed to lack \_\_\_\_\_ or meaning.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ the report will be made public next month.
10. The child was not \_\_\_\_\_ any physical ailment which could be \_\_\_\_\_ through surgery.
11. She has been exercising regularly \_\_\_\_\_ her back muscles.
12. The workers said they would not end the strike until their \_\_\_\_\_ were met.
13. He tried hard and eventually \_\_\_\_\_ cracking the UK market and has since gone on to play further overseas.
14. We have to \_\_\_\_\_ about the value of their services.
15. A rail passenger travelling from Montreal to New York City \_\_\_\_\_ the guard that his seat was lumpy.
16. Why is it that people in this state are so quick \_\_\_\_\_ someone strictly by their accent?
17. We took the kids to the water park as \_\_\_\_\_.
18. I \_\_\_\_\_ what she has accomplished.
19. The seeds \_\_\_\_\_ by wind, birds, and animals.
20. She \_\_\_\_\_ on behalf of her father, who was not at the meeting.
21. She has made \_\_\_\_\_ of volunteering at a homeless shelter one weekend a month.
22. \_\_\_\_\_ – don’t smoke if you tell your children not to smoke.
23. He had a weak point – this Fortunato – although in other regards he was a man to be \_\_\_\_\_ and even feared.
24. This situation must be \_\_\_\_\_ great care.
25. He \_\_\_\_\_ a heart attack and died instantly.
26. Scientists \_\_\_\_\_ the disease.
27. Parents \_\_\_\_\_ that the teacher resign.
28. We flew to San Diego, \_\_\_\_\_ a car, and headed for Las Vegas.
29. The duke was a very kind-hearted, amiable man who always \_\_\_\_\_ his servants’ well-being.
30. The task of political sociology is \_\_\_\_\_ the causes of political events.

*Ex. 20. Fill in the gaps with the necessary prepositions.*

1. Why are some small/medium-sized companies in such a hurry to act \_\_\_\_\_ big stupid companies?
2. Is this you respect \_\_\_\_\_ your dad?!
3. What does one treat insomnia \_\_\_\_\_?
4. US companies want to be able to compete \_\_\_\_\_ equal terms with their overseas rivals.
5. I’m sure they have no intention \_\_\_\_\_ looking into this case.
6. Suffering \_\_\_\_\_ colds is not even comparable to suffering \_\_\_\_\_

constant thirst.

7. What was her usual cure \_\_\_\_\_ bad cough?
8. How strange that child is! Every time I tell him to come to me, he starts running \_\_\_\_\_ the opposite direction.
9. The sugar in the fruit acts \_\_\_\_\_ a preservative.
10. Larry did it \_\_\_\_\_ Bill's request solely. Not an act of good will it was.
11. The court does not indicate the necessity to inquire \_\_\_\_\_ any further evidence.
12. What are you saying? Of course I'd love to take part in it. It's just that I'm a little \_\_\_\_\_ practice.
13. Hard to imagine why Samantha stayed with him – he treated her \_\_\_\_\_ dirt.
14. They were last seen moving \_\_\_\_\_ the direction of Madrid.
15. Don't judge the book \_\_\_\_\_ its cover.
16. Could you direct us \_\_\_\_\_ 5 Bonn Street, please?
17. He gave away all the money he had \_\_\_\_\_ hesitation.
18. \_\_\_\_\_ respect to your request, I am not yet able to agree.
19. The development \_\_\_\_\_ the company depends on each of us.
20. No matter how hard it is, you will have to come \_\_\_\_\_ terms \_\_\_\_\_ the fact that Josh might never come back.
21. She often complains \_\_\_\_\_ not feeling appreciated at work.
22. Am I the only one who suffers \_\_\_\_\_ sharp pain \_\_\_\_\_ the knee while running?
23. We have an opportunity to create a town centre that could act \_\_\_\_\_ a meeting place.
24. They still hesitated \_\_\_\_\_ whether to leave or not.
25. The demand \_\_\_\_\_ new housing, they say, is quite high.
26. Marcie will faint \_\_\_\_\_ the sight \_\_\_\_\_ blood.
27. It seemed that the family did not treat Tyson \_\_\_\_\_ an equal.
28. The next step is to put your visions \_\_\_\_\_ practice.
29. I say he did it \_\_\_\_\_ purpose, Dad!
30. Lucy watched numbly a huge blood stain spreading \_\_\_\_\_ the pearl-white carpet.
31. Nothing can cure you \_\_\_\_\_ this hatred.
32. Neighbours complained \_\_\_\_\_ the police \_\_\_\_\_ the dogs barking.
33. When I met my husband, it was love \_\_\_\_\_ first sight.
34. Look how many boats there are \_\_\_\_\_ hire!
35. \_\_\_\_\_ a moment's hesitation Cleo dived into the cold water.
36. Don't treat my attempts at independence \_\_\_\_\_ a joke.
37. We drove to Many's house \_\_\_\_\_ the intention \_\_\_\_\_ making the situation clear once and for all.
38. Being \_\_\_\_\_ first name terms with half the teachers is not my teacher-student dream relationship.
39. What is the purpose \_\_\_\_\_ your visit to the United States, sir? – A scientific

conference.

40. \_\_\_\_\_ many cases children were just left behind.
41. Scientists say they have succeeded \_\_\_\_\_ finding a cure \_\_\_\_\_ cancer.
42. Well, if your Majesty does insist \_\_\_\_\_ bringing the Ambassador back to London, so be it.
43. \_\_\_\_\_ practice the plan turned out to be a complete failure.
44. Having taken a course \_\_\_\_\_ serious treatment, Gran could clearly see some progress.
45. The harsh cry was the sign \_\_\_\_\_ run for your life.
46. I won't hesitate \_\_\_\_\_ use the gun if necessary.
47. The staff are to pay more attention to the requests \_\_\_\_\_ customers \_\_\_\_\_ more information.
48. Finally, Mrs Tornton inquired \_\_\_\_\_ her sick son.
49. Troops were sent \_\_\_\_\_ the purpose \_\_\_\_\_ assisting refugees.
50. Judging \_\_\_\_\_ you manner, the meal was nice.

*Ex. 21. Paraphrase the underlined words or phrases using synonyms from the vocabulary notes and word combinations.*

1. In order to play the guitar well, you need to exercise fingering every single day.
2. A funny hobby is always a good remedy for boredom.
3. An uneven board can give you splinters.
4. An aspiring entrepreneur means to revolutionise the biotech system.
5. The common belief is that reading in poor light severely damages your eyes.
6. It may be the occasion that the cause of the fire will forever remain a mystery.
7. The tour guide turned our attention to the most outstanding place of interest.
8. Education allows people to nurture their talents to the full.
9. I highly appreciate the critical review of my work by artists and designers.
10. Most of those who contacted us insisted on complete anonymity.
11. The machine is disabled now. You cannot use it.
12. School officials considered the vandalism of the students' artwork as a serious matter.
13. Her broken arm was giving her much trouble and she couldn't go on a trip.
14. Her performance might well have made her a superstar.
15. The painkiller worked surprisingly quickly.
16. She continued to assert that she was right, even in the face of overwhelming evidence to the contrary.
17. The child was crying because of considerable discomfort in his knee.
18. He fell ill and every day there appeared a new symptom of that unknown disease.
19. The plan would have turned out well but for an important factor.
20. If you are unhappy with the service, you should express your criticism to the manager.
21. Once the news of the war's end had leaked, spontaneous celebrations broke out

everywhere.

22. No reputable dietician would advise people to eat just one kind of food.
23. He was afflicted by asthma for many years.
24. The frat house was a mess the morning after the party.
25. Judge people by their deeds, not by their words.
26. Spending a long weekend at a ski resort is a real feast.
27. The objective of this research is to discover how the virus is transmitted.
28. Her aim is to climb the highest peak in each of the 50 states.
29. At least wear a coat if you're going out into that foul weather.
30. The committee is ready to interfere.

*Ex. 22. Translate the following sentences into English using active grammar and vocabulary units.*

1. Якби ти раніше поскаржилася директорові на дії нашого бухгалтера, він би давно найняв іншого.
2. Якби вона не загубила навички гри на сцені, вона могла б мати приголомшливий успіх.
3. Якби ти не судив людей за зовнішністю, ти не зазнав би таких збитків.
4. Якби я знав мету твого візиту, я б зараз не вагався дати тобі відповідь.
5. Якби він не помилився у своїх судженнях, у нього зараз не були б такі важкі часи.
6. Якби ситуація вимагала негайних дій, я б в жодному разі не відмовилася допомогти.
7. Якби попит на ці товари не був таким великим, вони не коштували б так багато.
8. Якби я знала, як вилікувати тебе від нежитю, я б давно почала лікувати тебе.
9. Якби операція не була такою болісною, пацієнт не зазнав би таких страждань.
10. Якби я знала людину, що сиділа навпроти мене, я б подала тобі знак.
11. Якби учора за твоїм проханням я не пішла до крамниці під дощем, у мене зараз не боліло б горло.
12. Якби ти мав наміри спрямувати зусилля на здійснення своїх планів, я б не наполягала на тому, щоб ти поведився як доросла людина.
13. Якби я вірила у любов з першого погляду, я б без вагань прийняла його пропозицію одружитися.
14. Якби не моя короткозорість, я міг би стати пілотом.
15. Якби не його добрі наміри, ніхто б його не поважав.
16. Якби не твій запит, умови контракту могли б бути набагато гіршими.
17. Ви б не заблукали, якби рухалися у напрямі неонові вивіски.
18. Якби мені не було болісно рухатися, я б неодмінно тренувався більше.
19. Якби не ліки проти грипу, він міг би померти.
20. Якби не сильний вітер, вогонь не поширювався б так швидко.

21. Ми могли б задовольнити ваше прохання, якби ви звернулися минулого тижня.
22. Якби не його наполегливість, він би ніколи не досяг таких успіхів у бізнесі.
23. Я нізащо не образила б таку поважну людину, якби він не обійшовся так грубо з моєю матусею.
24. Я б із задоволенням пригостила вас моїм фірмовим пирогом з грибами, якби ви завітали до нас у суботу.
25. Мати не покарала б тебе, якби ти не сказав, що навмисно наніс удар по голові старшому братові.
26. Якби не неочікуваний розвиток подій, ми б зараз відпочивали у Туреччині.
27. Я б запитав його про деталі справи, якби він не був занурений у думки.
28. Я була б вам дуже вдячна, якби ви пролили світло на вашу роль у цьому скандалі.
29. Ми могли б встановити пам'ятник на центральній площі, якби змогли зібрати на це достатньо грошей.
30. Ми б залюбки залишилися на вечерю, але нам час вирушати.
31. Якби я побачила, що в моєму домі усе догори ногами, я не змогла б зберігати присутність духа.
32. Якби ти жив за власними переконаннями, твої вчинки були б більш відповідальними.
33. Якби ти був розумнішим, ти б судив людей за їхніми вчинками.
34. Якби я була на «ти» з директором, у мене була б дещо інша зарплатня.
35. Якби я знала, що цей будинок здається, я б давно звернулася до власника з проханням обговорити умови оренди.
36. Якби не шторм, корабель не був би спрямований до геть іншого порту.
37. Якби батьки постійно не казали мені, що без труда нема плода, я б ніколи не розпочав власну справу і не став мільйонером.
38. Якби у мене вчора не заболіли вуха, я б не прямувала зараз до лікаря, сподіваючись, що він миттєво позбавить мене від цих страждань.
39. Якби не невиліковна хвороба, можливо, він би так і не розкрив таємницю мого народження.
40. Якби не його наполегливі вимоги повторити курс лікування за рахунок лікарні, він би і зараз страждав від болю у спині.

*Ex. 23. Translate the following sentences into English using active grammar and vocabulary units.*

A

1. Якби я не отримувала звісток від своєї дочки тривалий час, я б дуже страждала через невизначеність.
2. Якби я побачила, що мій товариш змінився на гірше, я б без вагань прийшла на допомогу.

3. Якби моє ім'я потрапило до ранкового випуску газети, я б більше не працювала асистентом лікаря.
4. Якби він не був людиною, з якої не витягнеш ані слова щодо його намірів, він би вже давно пролив світло на цю справу.
5. На моє розчарування, він не міг би отримати диплом лікаря, навіть якщо б дуже цього хотів.
6. Навіть якщо б ти розпочав лікарську практику, це б не означало автоматичний фінансовий успіх.
7. Якби чутки про цю подію не досягли вух мого товариша, він би не вдарив мене болісно по голові.
8. Якби я не втратила свідомість в аптеці, аптекар не викликав би терапевта, який почав оглядати мене і перевіряти мій пульс.
9. Я б у будь-якому разі прийшов тобі на виручку, якби знав, що ти потребуєш моєї допомоги.
10. Якби ти вчасно поцікавився умовами прокату човнів, ми б зараз не стояли на березі.
11. Якби ви не вирішили помінятися місцями, ти б не впав за борт.
12. Якби він не побачив тещу, він би не попрямував у протилежному напрямі.
13. Якби не цей сучасний спосіб лікування, він би досі перебував у лікарні.
14. Якби вона не дала ствердну відповідь, він би не був зараз таким щасливим, із задоволеною посмішкою.
15. Якби чутки не розповсюджувалися так швидко, це б не посилювало моїх страждань.
16. Якби рада трьох прийняла цей план не за чашкою чаю, а за робочим столом, ми б, можливо, не мали зараз таких проблем.
17. Якби не цей нещасний випадок, ми б зараз прямували додому.
18. Якби у пацієнта не розвинулися небезпечні симптоми, він не став би таким цікавим випадком для лікарів.
19. Якби не цей маленький експеримент, ми б ніколи не дізналися про вплив струму на равликів.
20. Якби він не проспав, він би не одягався поспіхом і хоча б проковтнув чашку кави.
21. Для цієї мети ми могли б взяти човен напрокат.

- В
1. Якщо раптом він винайде ліки від вірусу Коксакі, його буде нагороджено.
  2. Якби не твоє наполегливе прохання, я б нізащо не погодилася вийти у таке бурхливе море.
  3. Якщо раптом він вирішить лікувати тебе від рахіту травами, я б не здивувалася.
  4. Якби ми не мали протилежні погляди на цей випадок, у пацієнта зараз не боліло б усе тіло.
  5. Якби не непередбачуваний розвиток подій, я б зараз вимагав негайних



дій.

6. Яким би задоволенням було залишитися сьогодні дома і відпочити.
7. Якщо станеться так, що він вирішить застосувати новий метод лікування, у нього можуть виникнути складнощі.
8. Якби він не з'явався, побачивши мене, я б нічого не запідозрила.
9. Якщо раптом ти б подав скаргу на міську владу, я б тебе підтримала.
10. Якби ми досягли згоди з цього питання, нам не потрібно було б зараз спрямовувати стільки зусиль на залагодження конфлікту.
11. Якби його посмішка не була знаком, що усе минулося, я б ніколи не залишила його.
12. Якщо б він не поважав закон, він би виконав твоє сумнівне прохання.
13. Якщо раптом він буде суворим з тобою, без вагань вирушай додому.
14. Якби останнім часом у мене не були такі важкі часи, я б зараз не страждала через таку втому.
15. Якби він не був таким знавцем мистецтва, він би не працював експертом.

*Ex. 24. Translate the following sentences into English using active grammar and vocabulary units.*

1. Шкода, що я нічого не знаю про його наміри.
2. Час вже зрозуміти, що ми рухаємося у протилежному напрямі.
3. Якщо тобі трапиться дізнатися про умови прокату човна, зателефонуй мені без вагань.
4. Якби ж тільки я знала, з якою метою він прийшов!
5. Якби не розслідування, я б ніколи не повірила, що це був нещасний випадок.
6. Шкода, що я не можу помінятися з тобою місцями.
7. Час вже пролити світло на ваші стосунки.
8. Якщо раптом отримаєш від нього звістку, не розповсюджуй про це чутки.
9. Якби у нього не розвинулися симптоми запалення легенів, він би зараз так не страждав від болю.
10. Час вже прямувати додому.
11. Навіть якщо б він мав ризикнути своїм життям, він би прийшов тобі на виручку учора.
12. Шкода, що він упав за борт на самому фініші.
13. Якби ж тільки вчені винайшли ліки від СНІДу!
14. – Якби ти вставав раніше, ти б не одягався поспіхом і не виглядав як клоун. – Не грубіянь, бо отримаєш болісного удару по голові.
15. Якби ж тільки я могла проковтнути хоча б чашку кави!
16. Якщо раптом ти вирішиш покинути мене, це вже не посилить моїх страждань.
17. Шкода, що я не знавець у цій галузі.
18. Якби ти не дав ствердну відповідь, у тебе зараз не були б такі важкі часи.
19. Якби не його задоволена усмішка, я б, мабуть, пробачила його.

20. Якби ти розповіла про вплив струменя на рослини, ти б не провалила іспит.
21. Шкода, що ти був таким суворим з дитиною.
22. Шкода, що рада трьох ще не розпочала свою роботу.
23. Час вже обговорити цей цікавий випадок для лікарів.
24. Ми б вже давно вирушили у подорож, якби отримали усю необхідну інформацію.
25. Я був би найщасливішою людиною, якби міг взяти участь у цьому маленькому експерименті.
26. Якби море не було таким бурхливим, його б не знудило.
27. Якби ж тільки він вчасно дав мені знак!
28. Час вже розпочати поважати закон!
29. Шкода, що ніхто не в змозі задовольнити мої потреби.
30. Час вже прислухатися до його наполегливого прохання.
31. Якби ж тільки моє ім'я потрапило до ранкового випуску газети!
32. Шкода, що з нього не витягнеш ані слова.
33. Якби мені набридло працювати асистентом лікаря, я б щось вигадала.
34. Вона наполягає, що вже час подати скаргу на директора школи.
35. Якби ж тільки я не втратила свідомість, побачивши його!
36. Шкода, що він відмовляється спрямувати нашу увагу у правильному напрямі.
37. Якщо б лікарі застосували новий метод лікування, він би зараз вже одужував.
38. Якби не лікарська практика, він міг би стати видатним науковцем.
39. Давно вже час побалувати себе.
40. Якби я учора на впала зі сходів, у мене не боліло б усе тіло.
41. Якщо раптом зустрінетеся за чашкою чаю, згадайте про мене.
42. Шкода, що він не здогадався перевірити пульс.
43. Якби ж тільки чутки про цю подію не досягли вух мого чоловіка!
44. Я могла б отримати диплом лікаря, якщо б була молодшою.
45. Якби не моя короткозорість, я б не полюбила його з першого погляду.
46. Шкода, що він тривалий час страждає від невиліковної хвороби.
47. Якби не гострий біль, я б зараз найняла автівку і попрямувала до моря.
48. Якби не хворе горло, я б розповіла про випадок в аптеці.
49. Якби ці ліки дійсно могли вилікувати від нежитю, вони б користувалися великим попитом.
50. Якби вона не була у поганій формі, вона б змогла більше вразити глядачів.
51. Чи не час припинити судити людей за їхніми статками?
52. Шкода, що твоя фірма зазнала таких збитків.
53. Якби ти не наполягав на проведенні вечірки у нас вдома, у нас зараз не було б усе догори дригом.
54. Шкода, що наша розмова виявилася такою болісною для нас обох.

55. Якби я не страждала від болю у серці, я б пригостила вас чимось смачненьким.
56. Якби я не знала, що без труда нема плода, я б зараз почувалася роздратованою.
57. Якби не його талант, п'еса не мала б такого приголомшливого успіху.
58. Шкода, що ти не живеш за своїми переконаннями.
59. На твоєму місці я б запитала його про подальший розвиток подій.
60. Шкода, що він був занурений у думки і не помічав мене.
61. Якби не ця поважна людина, я міг би не зберегти присутності духу і помилитися у своїх судженнях.
62. Час визнати, що ти навмисно приховав умови оренди.
63. Шкода, що ця вілла не здається.
64. Якщо раптом його дії здаватимуться дивними, викликай терапевта.
65. Якби не твоє прохання, я б вбила цього мерзотника.
66. Якби тільки я був на «ти» з деканом! Він би не наполягав на моєму виключенні з університету.
67. Якби він не мав добрих намірів, було б не так образливо.
68. Шкода, що ви ігноруйте мій запит.
69. Я поважала б твою наполегливість, якби вона приносила плоди.
70. Час поводитися як розумна людина.
71. Якби ти частіше тренувався останнім часом, зараз тобі не було б болісно рухатися.
72. Якби я була вогнеборцем, я б неодмінно зупинила розповсюдження вогню у напрямі лісу вчора.
73. Якби ви задовольнили моє прохання, я б встановила вам пам'ятник.

## SUPPLEMENTARY SECTION

### PHRASAL VERBS AND IDIOMS

#### PART I

*Ex. 1. Read the dialogue paying specific attention to the items in bold.*

#### A NASTY BUG

**LAURA:** Steph, are you OK? **You're not your usual self** today.

**STEPH:** No, I'm a bit **off-colour**, actually. I **felt like death warmed up** when I woke up this morning. I had a splitting headache, and I thought I was going to **throw up**. I just **keeled over** and nearly **passed out!**

**LAURA** Oh, no! Poor you. Do you want something for your headache?

**STEPH** It's OK; I took some tablets and it's just starting to **wear off**. I really hope **I'm not coming down with** flu.

**LAURA** Well, there's a nasty bug **going round** at the moment - you could have **picked it up** anywhere. You'd better **take things easy** for a day **or** two.

*Ex. 2. Study the glossary and translate the following items into Ukrainian.*

English	Definition	Ukrainian
you're not your usual/normal self	you're not looking or behaving as you usually do	
off-colour	<i>inf</i> looking or feeling ill <i>syn</i> under the weather	
feel/look like death warmed up	<i>inf</i> feel or look very ill or tired	
throw up	vomit; be sick	
keel over	<i>inf</i> fall over, especially when you feel ill	
pass out	faint; lose consciousness for a short time <i>inf</i> black out <i>opp</i> come round	
wear off	(of a pain, feeling, or effect) gradually disappear or stop	
come/go down with sth	get one of the common illnesses (flu, a cold, etc.)	
go round	spread from person to person	
pick sth up	<i>inf</i> catch an infectious illness	
take things/it easy	relax and avoid working hard or doing too much	

Ex. 3. Circle the correct answer.

- 1 If you're **under the weather**, you are *depressed* \ *off-colour*.
- 2 If you think you're going to **throw up**, you should go to *bed* | *the bathroom*.
- 3 If you **pass out**, you *know* \ *don't know* what is happening around you at that moment.
- 4 If you think you're **coming down with** something, you're starting to feel *tired* | *unwell*.
- 5 If you **pick up** a virus, you *become ill* | *feel better*.
- 6 If you **keel over**, you will definitely *fall over* \ *blackout*.

Ex. 4. One word is missing in each line. Where does it go? Write it at the end.

- 1 I banged my elbow last week, and the pain is only just starting to off now.
- 2 I had a terrible night, and I feel like death warmed this morning.
- 3 I think I'm coming with a cold. What shall I take for it?
- 4 Her face went white as a sheet and she suddenly blacked; it was terrifying.
- 5 If you're feeling a bit under the weather, you'd better it easy today.
- 6 He's not his self today. What's the matter with him?

Ex. 5. Complete the sentences. Discuss with another student.

- 1 When did you last feel under the \_\_\_\_\_? What was wrong with you?
- 2 Have you ever blacked out and then \_\_\_\_\_ round in front of a lot of people?
- 3 Is there a bug \_\_\_\_\_ round where you live at the moment?
- 4 If you're feeling \_\_\_\_\_-colour, do you always take things \_\_\_\_\_ ?

## PART II

Ex. 1. Read the texts paying specific attention to the items in bold.

After the operation Dad seemed to be **on the mend**, but he suddenly **took a turn for the worse** and started to **go downhill**. **It was touch-and-go** for a while, but the doctors reassured us that he **would pull through**. He's doing OK now, **touch wood**, ...  
I woke up **feeling out of sorts** and my eyes were incredibly itchy, When I looked in the mirror, I saw that they **had swollen up**, and I also noticed I'd come out in a rash on my neck. After a while, the swelling **went down**, **but the rash hasn't gone away**. I'd better see the doctor and get it **checked out**. **Better safe than sorry**. ...

Ex. 2. Study the glossary and translate the following items into Ukrainian.

English	Definition	Ukrainian
<b>on the mend</b>	<i>inf</i> getting better after an illness or injury	
<b>take a turn for the worse/better</b>	suddenly become worse/better	
<b>go downhill</b>	get worse in health, quality	
<b>it is touch-and-go</b>	<i>inf</i> = its very uncertain	

<b>(whether)</b>	whether sth will happen or not	
<b>pull through (sth)</b>	get better after a life-threatening illness or operation	
<b>feel/be out of sorts</b>	feel/be ill or bad-tempered	
<b>swell up</b>	(of part of the body) become bigger in size <i>opp go down</i>	
<b>come out in sth</b>	become covered in spots or a rash	
<b>go away</b>	disappear	
<b>check sth out</b>	find out if sth is safe, correct, or acceptable	

Ex. 3. Good news or bad news? Write G or B.

- 1 She's on the mend.
- 2 He didn't pull through the operation.
- 3 I've come out in spots.
- 4 It's touch-and-go at the moment.
- 5 She's feeling out of sorts.
- 6 The symptoms have gone away.
- 7 She's going downhill.

Ex. 4. Complete the dialogues.

- 1 You'd better ask the doctor about that. – Yes, you're right. Better safe than \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 Is the dog any better? – No, it \_\_\_\_\_ downhill very quickly, and I'm afraid it died.
- 3 Shall I bring some bandages on holiday? – Yes, just to be on the safe \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 Have you got over the operation? – Mmm, things seem to be fine now – touch \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 It was a bee sting, wasn't it? – Yes. It started to \_\_\_\_\_ up immediately.
- 6 I've got a mark on my skin. – Probably nothing, but you'd better get it \_\_\_\_\_ out
- 7 I've still got this cough. – Yes, it can take ages for these things to go \_\_\_\_\_.
- 8 I see the swelling on your arm has \_\_\_\_\_ down now. – Yes, it's much better, thanks.
- 9 I hear Bryn was in a really bad accident. – Yes, it was touch-and- \_\_\_\_\_ for a while.
- 10 Your mum had a nasty fall, didn't she? – Yes, but fortunately she's on the \_\_\_\_\_ now.

## PART III

### TO GO

*Ex. 1. Study the following examples and decide what meaning the phrasal verb “to go” carries.*

1. We should go back over these figures. I think there’s a mistake somewhere.
2. The house went for €400,000, which was more than we expected.
3. The festival will go ahead, despite the bad weather.
4. I’ve been going over in my mind what happened the other day. I think we have a big problem.
5. Hany has decided to go into politics. I’m not sure I would vote for him.
6. Who would want to go after such a boring job?

*Ex.2. Study other examples of the phrasal verb “to go” on the next page and translate them into Ukrainian. Below you can see the meanings of these verbs.*

<sup>1</sup> using as a reference

<sup>2</sup> spend time (used about doing something that is unpleasant for other people)

<sup>3</sup> strongly criticising

<sup>4</sup> happened in a particular way

<sup>5</sup> experienced (used about an unpleasant or difficult situation or event)

<sup>6</sup> to compete in the next stage of a competition

<sup>7</sup> leave one group or organisation and join another competing group or organisation

Going by<sup>1</sup> the government's own statistics, they have failed to stop the rise in drug addiction.

Youths who go around<sup>2</sup> vandalising property should be forced to repair the things they have damaged.

The newspapers are really going for<sup>3</sup> Joss Rone. They seem determined to destroy his career.

The event went off<sup>4</sup> as planned and £2,000 was raised for charity.

Mr Drake said he had decided to go over to<sup>7</sup> the Green Party as he was disillusioned with

The young mother went through<sup>5</sup> agony before her missing child was found.

Three candidates will go forward<sup>6</sup> to the next round in the election for party

Ex.3. Complete the text below using particles from the box.

after	ahead	down	for	into	over
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It's been a terrible week. As you know, I'm planning to go \_\_\_\_\_ (1) teaching. On Monday I went \_\_\_\_\_ (2) a trainee teacher position that was advertised at a school in town but I didn't get it. I'm not sure why. I've been going \_\_\_\_\_ (3) the interview in my mind but I don't think I said anything too stupid. Then on Tuesday I fell off my bike and managed to twist my ankle. It was terribly swollen for a day or two but it's beginning to go \_\_\_\_\_ (4) now. It's my birthday party tomorrow. I hope you can come. Plans are still going \_\_\_\_\_ (5) for that, of course, although I don't suppose I'll be able to dance very much. I'm probably going to sell my bike, though. I hope it'll go \_\_\_\_\_ (6) at least £100, which will help me out till I manage to find a job.

Ex. 4. Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

1. Are you planning to go after	a) when they finally managed to sell it?
2. Is the end-of-term concert going ahead	b) over our business accounts?
3. Why did you decide to go over	c) yet?
4. How much did their house go for	d) in the school hall as usual this year?
5. Did your engagement party go off	e) to the semi-final?
6. Could you help me go back	f) to a different political party?
7. Has the swelling on your knee gone down	g) the boss's job when he leaves?
8. Which teams are going forward	h) as well as you'd hoped?

Ex.5. Correct the mistakes with particles in these sentences.

1. Tony has been promised that his name will go over for a place on the board of directors next year.
2. Going for the weather forecast, there'll be snow tomorrow.
3. Harriet went on a terrible time during her husband's illness.
4. You really mustn't go across telling such terrible lies.
5. Horace has always wanted to go on law.

Ex. 6. Which particle fits in each of these sets of sentences? Use a dictionary if necessary.

1. Pam really went \_\_\_\_\_ me in the office today.
2. They are selling their old computer but they don't expect it to go \_\_\_\_\_ much.
3. Please be quiet, children – and that goes \_\_\_\_\_ you too, Mick.
4. The standard of school leavers' English is going \_\_\_\_\_.
5. The office computers have gone \_\_\_\_\_ again.



6. The bump on the boy's head looked alarming but it quickly went \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Let's go \_\_\_\_\_ our plan of action for tomorrow again.
8. I keep going \_\_\_\_\_ what I said to him, wishing I could take my words back.
9. He started his political life as a Republican but later on went \_\_\_\_\_ to the Democrats.
10. I was nervous about playing in the concert but everything went \_\_\_\_\_ very well.
11. I didn't wake up when my alarm clock went \_\_\_\_\_ this morning.
12. Don't drink this milk – I think it's gone \_\_\_\_\_.

## Lesson 2

**Text:** “A Vote of No Confidence” from “No Love for Johnnie” by W. Fienburgh<sup>1</sup>

### A Vote of No Confidence

Byrne arrived in Marshfield an hour before the meeting was due to start. He wondered why Drake, the chairman, had thought it so important that he should be present.

He let himself into the local Party office, a shop in the High Street which had been turned into an office during the election in 1950. There was a photograph of himself on one of the walls taken nine years ago which advertised:

Mr. John Byrne, your new M.P.,<sup>2</sup> will attend at<sup>3</sup> these offices from 6.30 p.m. onwards every Friday evening. Bring your problems to your new Labour M.P.<sup>2</sup> He will solve them for you.

Perhaps that was the trouble, he thought. He had intended to be present every Friday evening when he was elected, for a year he had attended regularly. Every Friday he had interviewed a couple of dozen constituents about their housing problems, their pensions and a lot of individual problems.

After a year he started to make excuses. He could not find houses for people when the houses did not exist, and in any case these constituency problems were better dealt with by letter. What was the point in spending every Friday evening in the dirty office, when there was so little he could do to help the people who waited patiently to see him?

He decided that they had called him in order to make him promise to attend more regularly in future.

I must win them back, he thought, for if he lost Marshfield he had lost everything – no seat, no right of entry to the House of Commons.<sup>4</sup>

Jimmy March, the Party secretary, entered the room with his pile of agendas and started to place them on each of the chairs. He was, too, obviously avoiding Byrne, whom he must have noticed.

“Hello, Jimmy,” Byrne called cheerfully, “always on the job.”

“Oh, hello.”

Byrne could feel the hostility in the emphatic way March moved round the room.

“I hear there’s likely to be a spot of bother tonight,” Byrne said.

“Perhaps.”

“Of course, I’ll be along more regularly on Fridays in future now we’re in Government.”<sup>5</sup>

“It’ll be a change to see you,” March said indifferently.

The door opened again and Charlie Drake, the chairman, came into the room, anxiously.

“Glad you’re here, Johnnie,” he said, shaking Byrne’s hand.

“I got your message, what’s wrong?” Byrne asked.

“I’m none too sure. Some of them want to move a vote of no confidence in you.”

“Damn it, they’ve only just elected me.”

“I know, I know. One or two of them weren’t keen even then.”

“But what have I done? There hasn’t been time to do anything since we got back.”

“They’ve got hold of something.”

“Are you with me?”<sup>6</sup> Byrne asked anxiously.

There was no reassurance in Drake’s voice, although he did nod his head. “Oh, yes ... but I’m only the chairman. I’ve got to go with the will of the meeting.”

One by one the committee members came in. Some of them smiled and nodded to him, but too many of them either did not want to catch his eye or were intentionally avoiding him. Annoyance gave way to fear. This was serious. There was obviously a prearranged plot on hand, and most of the younger people knew about it and were behind it. The older members of the committee sensed the atmosphere, but were unaware of the details. Whatever had started the crisis,<sup>7</sup> he had to depend on the old hands against the youngsters. So his obvious tactic was to play for their support.

Drake was nervous, he showed it in the way the table shook when he rose and rested his hand on it.

“We’d better make a start,” he said.

Ted Collins jumped to his feet in the far back corner.

“This is it,”<sup>8</sup> Byrne thought. “This is the start.”

Collins said: “I gave you notice that we wanted to discuss a vital matter concerning our Member. We can do it or we can wait. But to my way of thinking it would be better to get on with it.”

There was a growl of “hear-hears.”<sup>9</sup>

“I’m in your hands,” Drake said weakly, “but it’s not right. This should come at the end.”

“Now,” Byrne thought, “I’d better make a move.” He stood up.

“I agree with Ted. I don’t know what you want to discuss but let’s get on with it.”

He sat down. One up to him.<sup>10</sup> They could not now accuse him of trying to hide behind the rules.

“All right,” said Drake, “but don’t take too long about it, Ted. We’ve a lot of business to get through.”

Now that Ted Collins had the floor he seemed to grow in Byrne’s eyes. He was quietly confident and very sure.

“Mr. Chairman, Comrades, I don’t particularly enjoy the task which lies before me. But it has been brought to my notice that our Member has recently been involved in a series<sup>12</sup> of incidents in the House of Commons which amount to a direct betrayal of the cause for which we all worked so unselfishly at the recent election. What I want to say is this. This so-called Socialist Government which we just elected is about to start on a programme of repression in the Middle East,<sup>13</sup> on a plan to use British troops, our lads, lads from Marshfield perhaps, in a wicked imperialist adventure in the Middle East. This right-wing<sup>14</sup> Government which we struggled to elect has given orders to support the Sheikh of Masran<sup>15</sup> in suppressing the democratically elected

assembly.

“Where does our Member come into this? I will tell you. He was to raise the matter on the floor in the House. A large group of fellow-members were ready to support him. But what happened? The man we sent to Westminster<sup>16</sup> to safeguard democracy betrayed the workers of Masran. He let down his comrades in the House,<sup>4</sup> because when the time came to approach the Prime Minister, before the eyes of the whole country, our Member was hiding somewhere.

“I say this, we can have no confidence in a man who is not prepared to stand up for his principles. We cannot put our trust in a turncoat. He has let democracy down. He has let us down. I move.”<sup>17</sup>

He sat down.

Sarah Robson jumped to her feet. “I’d like to second the motion,<sup>18</sup> Mr. Chairman. This isn’t the first time our Member has failed us. How often have we seen him here in the last year or two? Time after time people have stopped me in the street and complained that they have written to the Member and had no reply.”

Byrne knew he had to answer to this.

The broad, full, self-important figure of Alderman<sup>19</sup> Raymond Glen rose to speak.

“I don’t like to say this, but blunt speaking is my motto. You all know me. I’ll say to a man’s face what others say behind his back. I’m afraid our Member has got a bit too big for his boots.<sup>20</sup> He’ll do well to remember that we public figures owe everything to the people who put us there.”

Byrne rose firmly. He dared not allow another speech against him.

“What is the basis for this attack?” he asked. “That I talked to the Prime Minister and tried to get him to change his mind on Masran? And I can say this, knowing that I can trust you, that the Prime Minister gave me firm promises which were satisfactory, as time will show.” Then, his words became emphatic, almost sincere. “The Prime Minister took me fully into his confidence. All will be for the best, I make no apology for what I have done.”

He was sticking his neck out too far,<sup>21</sup> he thought. But if troops were sent to Masran he could always say that the P.M.<sup>22</sup> had deceived him, gone back on his word and let him down.

“Now I come to the more serious part of our friendly discussion, the charge that I have ignored the constituency. Let me tell you this. During the past year I have addressed ninety-two public meetings up and down the country as my contribution to defeat the Tories.” He invented the figures as he went along. He had learned from experience that it was always more effective to give the exact figures – provided, of course, no one was in a position to check your figures. But as he spoke he knew that he did not sound convincing, and he suddenly understood that they did not trust him. I’ve lost, he thought. I’m beaten.

“Vote,” someone shouted.

Charlie Drake looked round anxiously.

“In view of the Member’s explanation, does Mr. Collins wish to withdraw his motion?”

“No,” an uncompromising reply from the back.

“Then we’ll have to vote. Those in favour of the vote of no confidence in our Member.”

Drake counted slowly. “One, two ... thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three. Against.”

Five hands went up. There were no abstentions.

Charlie Drake was speaking.

“This is a very serious decision. And it can’t do the Party any good coining so soon after the election. Let’s leave it like this, we’ve made our decision – now let’s say to our Johnnie here that he’s on trial. Are you agreed?”

“Agreed,” they said, once they had made their point.

Byrne wanted to thank them, to say something, to promise to behave himself. But he could not. Everything in the room was swimming in front of his eyes. It had been a narrow escape. Yet he should have seen it coming.

Following the election he had concentrated too much on his step-by-step progress in Parliament. He had been too ambitious. For years his mind had been constantly busy with the problem: if I take this line, how will it influence my position in the Party? What are my chances? What initiative can I take to push me a half-inch<sup>23</sup> further towards the Ministerial office and the Ministerial car? He would have to be more careful in the future.

## NOTES

1. **Wilfred Fienburgh** (1919-1958), English writer. During the war he took part in the Normandy Invasion. After the war he became a trade union official. In 1951 he was elected Labour M.P. for North Islington. He died in 1953 after a car accident. A few days before his death he sent the manuscript of *No Love for Johnnie* to a publishing house; it was published in 1959.

2. **M.P.** Member of Parliament.

**Labour M.P.:** Member of Parliament from the Labour Party.

3. **attend** may be followed by *at* to indicate the place where one attends or *is to attend*. E.g. It was requested that he attend at the office at 10 a.m. next Thursday.

4. **the House of Commons** == **the House** палата громад

**the House of Lords** == **the Lords** палата лордів

5. **in Government:** in power — при владі

6. **Are you with me**=Are you on my side? Will you support me?

7. **crisis** [‘kraisis] as many other Greek words absorbed into the language (basis, thesis, analysis, etc.) keeps its Greek plural form: crises (bases, theses, analyses, etc.)

8. **This is it:** *here* — почалося

9. **hear! hear!** *int.* An expression of support for the speaker’s words, loosely corresponding to the Ukrainian: правильно говорити

10. **One up to him:** one point in his favour

11. **to have (take) the floor:** to address a meeting, to speak in debate

12. **series:** a number of; one form is used for both the singular and the plural

13. **the Middle East:** близький Схід

14. **right-wing**: reactionary – правий, реакційний Compare: left-wing – лівий, прогресивний
15. **Sheikh of Masran**: ruler of Masran (an imaginary Arab state)
16. **Westminster**=Palace of Westminster, seat of British Parliament
17. **to move**=to make a motion: to make a formal request or proposal at a meeting – вносити пропозицію
18. **to second**: to support a motion. No motion will be voted upon unless it is seconded
19. **Alderman**: one of the senior members of a city or county council
20. **to be too big for one's boots**: to pretend to be more important than one is in fact
21. **to stick one's neck out (too far)**: to expose oneself to danger
22. **P.M.**: Prime Minister
23. **inch**; дюйм (=2,5 см) a unit of length used before decimalisation (десятькова система) was officially introduced in Britain in February 1971

### VOCABULARY NOTES

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>elect</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) to elect a representative (committee, etc.); to elect smb chairman (secretary, delegate). He <u>was elected deputy</u> to the local Council.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>election</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>2) general election(s) 3) <b>Phr.</b> hold an election 4) <b>election campaign/results</b></p> <p>5) How many candidates are <b>standing for election</b>?</p> <p>6) to <b>run for election</b> 7) to <b>win/lose an election</b> 8) to <b>fight an election</b> 9) to <b>vote in elections</b> 10) to <b>fix an election</b> 11) to <b>rig an election</b> 12) to <b>steal a vote</b></p> <p>In America, presidential <b><u>elections are held</u></b> every four years. The prime minister is about <b><u>to call an election</u></b>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>elector</b> <i>n</i></p>	<p>1) вибирати, обирати (голосуванням)</p> <p>2) вибори, загальні вибори 3) проводити вибори 4) передвиборча кампанія, результати виборів 5) балотуватися</p> <p>6) виставляти свою кандидатуру 7) виграти/програти вибори 8) боротися на виборах 9) голосувати на виборах 10) призначати вибори 11) фальсифікувати вибори 12) вкрати голос</p> <p style="text-align: center;">виборець</p>
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<p>Since there are 538 <u>electors</u>, 270 votes are necessary to win the presidency.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>electoral</b> <i>a</i></p> <p>an electoral system</p>	
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>avoid</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) to avoid smth/smb (doing smth) to avoid difficulties (an accident, a person, etc.) He <u>avoided answering</u> my question. You should <u>avoid mentioning</u> his divorce.</p> <p>2) <b>Idiom:</b> to avoid somebody/something like the plague He's been <u>avoiding me like the plague</u> since the party last Saturday.</p>	<p>1) уникати, цуратися, ухилятися</p> <p>2) боятися як вогню; боятися як чорт свяченої води</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>vote</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) to vote for (against) smb/smth The meeting <u>voted on</u> the proposal point by point.</p> <p>2) to vote in favour of something Over 60% of members <u>voted in favour of</u> (= for) the motion.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>vote</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>3) put to (the) vote 4) to give one's vote to smb 5) to have the right to vote. There were 21 <u>votes for</u> and 17 <u>against</u> the motion, with two abstentions.</p> <p>6) vote of (no)confidence</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>voter</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>Furthermore, most <u>voters</u> do not really make electoral choices.</p>	<p>1) голосувати за (проти)</p> <p>2) голосувати на користь</p> <p>3) ставити на голосування</p> <p>4) віддати свій голос на користь</p> <p>5) мати право голосувати</p> <p>6) вотум (не)довіри</p> <p>7) виборець</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>confident</b> <i>adj</i></p> <p>1) a confident look (manner, smile, answer, etc.)</p>	<p>1) впевнений</p>

<p>2) to be confident <b>of</b> smth/ doing smth, The team feels <u>confident of</u> winning.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>confidence</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>3) to have much (little, no) <u>confidence</u> <u>in</u> smb/smth He spoke <u>with confidence</u>.</p> <p>4) <b>Idiom:</b> be in somebody's confidence (to be trusted with somebody's secrets) He is said to <u>be very much in the</u> <u>President's confidence</u>.</p> <p>5) <b>Idiom:</b> take somebody into your confidence (to tell somebody secrets and personal information about yourself) She <u>took me into her confidence</u> and told me about the problems she was facing.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>confidential</b> <i>adj</i></p> <p>6) confidential information a confidential report</p>	<p>2) бути впевненим у чомусь</p> <p>3) впевненість, довіра</p> <p>4) користуватися довірою</p> <p>5) довіритися комусь</p> <p>6) конфіденційний, секретний</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>keen</b> <i>adj</i></p> <p>1) a keen look (interest, mind, intelligence, sense of humour, etc.)</p> <p>2) to be keen on smth (doing smth) He is <u>keen on</u> football. He was <u>keen on</u> winning the game.</p> <p>3) <b>Idiom:</b> (as) keen as mustard</p> <p>4) <b>Idiom: mad keen (on)</b> He's <u>mad keen on</u> planes.</p>	<p>1) гострий, проникливий (погляд, розум)</p> <p>2) пристрасно бажаючий, який захоплюється чимось</p> <p>3) повний ентузіазму</p> <p>4) божеволіти; сильно захоплюватися</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>aware</b> <i>adj (used only predicatively)</i></p> <p>to be (acutely, intensely, keenly) aware <b>of</b> danger (crisis, the situation) He was <u>well aware</u> of the problem.</p>	<p>обізнаний</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>support</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) to support a party (a sports team, a proposal, etc.)</p>	<p>1) підтримувати</p>



<p>to support smb in his plans (ideas, work, etc.)  These measures are <b><u>strongly supported</u></b> by environmental groups.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>support</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>2) They spoke <u>in support of</u> his plan.  I wrapped a bandage around my ankle <u>to give it some support</u>.  She held on to his arm <u>for support</u>.</p>	<p>2) підтримка; на підтримку</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>betray</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) to betray a secret (interests, friends)  2) to betray smth/smb to smb.  3) His voice <u>betrayed</u> him.  She was terrified of saying something that would make her <u>betray herself</u>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>betrayal</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>4) a <b>sense/a feeling/an act of betrayal</b>  Memories of <u>betrayal</u> still haunted her.</p>	<p>1) зраджувати  2) видавати  3) підводити</p> <p>4) зрада, зрадливість</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>selfish</b> <i>adj</i></p> <p>1) a selfish person (interests, reasons, behaviour)  It was <u>selfish of</u> him to leave all the work to you.  A pretty <u>selfish attitude</u>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>unselfish</b> <i>adj</i></p> <p>2) She is an outgoing, <u>unselfish</u>, and <u>loving</u> person.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>selfishness</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>He was the victim of his own greed and <u>selfishness</u>.</p>	<p>1) егоїстичний, корисливий</p> <p>2) безкорисливий, самовідданий</p> <p>3) егоїзм</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>struggle</b> <i>vi</i></p> <p>to struggle <u>for</u> peace (independence, equal rights)  to struggle <u>against</u> smb/smth  He <u>struggled to</u> succeed in business,</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>struggle</b> <i>n</i></p>	<p>1) боротися за/проти</p>

<p>a revolutionary (political, successful) struggle</p>	<p>2) боротьба</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>trust</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) to trust smb to do smth Can they <u>be trusted to look after</u> the house? He can be <u>fully trusted</u>.</p> <p>2) to trust smb with a task (job, etc.) I'd <u>trust her with my life</u>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>trust</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>3) <b>Idiom:</b> in somebody's trust, in the trust of somebody The family pet was left <u>in the trust of</u> a neighbour.</p> <p>4) <b>Phr.</b> have (put) trust in smb. If you <u>put your trust in me</u>, I will not let you down.</p> <p>5) <b>Idiom:</b> not trust somebody an inch/not trust somebody as far as you can throw them</p> <p>6) <b>Ant.:</b> mistrust, distrust Local people regard the police with suspicion and <u>distrust</u>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>trusting</b> <i>adj</i></p> <p>7) She's so <u>trusting of</u> people.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>trustworthy</b> <i>adj</i></p> <p>8) Many people do not see politicians as <u>trustworthy</u>.</p>	<p>1) довіряти, покладатися на</p> <p>2) доручати</p> <p>довіра</p> <p>3) під опікою</p> <p>4) довіритися</p> <p>5) не вірити жодному слову</p> <p>6) недовіра</p> <p>7) довірчий</p> <p>8) надійний</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>owe</b> <i>vi</i></p> <p>1) to owe smb money (a book, an apology, an explanation, etc.) How much do I <u>owe you for</u> the groceries? He <u>owes</u> much of his success <u>to</u> his</p>	<p>1) бути в боргу перед кимось, заборгувати</p>

<p>friends. I think you <u>owe</u> us an explanation.</p>	
<p><b>sincere</b> <i>adj</i> 1) a sincere person (remark, look, etc.) sincere interests (feelings, intentions, etc.) sincere <u>in</u> something. She is never completely <u>sincere in</u> what she says about people.</p> <p><b>insincere</b> <i>adj</i> 2) “It’s so good to see you again,” she said, <u>with an insincere smile</u>.</p> <p><b>sincerity</b> <i>n</i> 3) I can say <u>in all sincerity</u> that I knew nothing of these plans.</p>	<p>1) щирий, чесний, відвертий</p> <p>2) нещирий, лукавий</p> <p>3) щирість</p>
<p><b>favour</b> <i>n</i> 1) Will you <u>do</u> me <u>a favour</u>? 2) <b>Phr.</b> in favour of smb/smith He spoke <u>in favour of</u> the arrangement. They were all <u>in favour of</u> continuing the discussion. 3) <b>to find favour with</b> The suggestion to close the road has <u>found favour with</u> local people. 4) <b>Idiom:</b> the cards/odds are stacked in your favour</p>	<p>1) послуга</p> <p>2) на захист, на користь</p> <p>3) знайти (отримати) підтримку</p> <p>4) шанси на вашу користь</p>
<p><b>deceive</b> <i>vt</i> 1) His fine words <u>deceived</u> nobody. 2) to be deceived in one’s hopes (expectations, etc.) 3) deceive somebody into doing something She <u>deceived him into handing over</u> all his savings.</p>	<p>1) обманювати, вводити в оману</p> <p>2) обманутий у надіях або сподіваннях</p> <p>3) змусити обманним шляхом робити</p>

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>escape</b> <i>vi/vt</i></p> <p>1) to escape from a burning house (a sinking ship; prison) I was lucky to escape with minor injuries.</p> <p>2) to escape danger (punishment, death, prison)</p> <p>3) to escape notice (memory, (one's) attention, etc.);</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>escape</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>4) It was a narrow escape.</p>	<p>1) рятуватися, тікати</p> <p>2) уникнути (небезпеки, смерті)</p> <p>3) залишитися непоміченим</p> <p>втеча</p> <p>4) Йому дивом вдалося уникнути небезпеки.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>defeat</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>1) to defeat the enemy (smb's plans) 2) to suffer a defeat They finally had to <u>admit defeat</u></p>	<p>1) перемагати, завдати поразки 2) терпіти поразку</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>influence</b> <i>n</i></p> <p>1) to have much (little, no) influence <b>on/over</b> smb/smt to be under smb's influence; She could probably <u>exert her influence over</u> the manager and get you a job.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>influence</b> <i>vt</i></p> <p>Several factors are likely <u>to influence this decision</u>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>influential</b> <i>adj</i></p> <p>an influential person</p>	<p>1) вплив</p> <p>2) впливати</p> <p>3) впливовий</p>

## WORD COMBINATIONS

<b>make excuses</b>	шукати привід, виправдання
<b>play for smb's support</b>	домагатися чиєїсь підтримки
<b>give way to</b>	поступитися дорогою, змінюватися (про настрої)
<b>on hand</b>	наявний у розпорядженні, в наявності
<b>give notice</b>	попередити (офіційно)
<b>make a move</b>	робити хід, діяти
<b>get smth through</b>	довести що-небудь до кінця
<b>bring to smb's notice</b>	звернути чиюсь увагу

<b>amount to</b>	рівнятися
<b>let smb down</b>	підводити кого-небудь
<b>stand up for smb/smith</b>	виступати на захист, на підтримку когось / чогось
<b>go back on one's word</b>	відступитися від свого слова
<b>in view of</b>	зважаючи, з огляду на

## EXERCISES ON THE TEXT

*Ex. 1. Answer the following questions.*

1. What had been John Byrne's intentions on election?
2. Why did he start avoiding his duties by his constituents in his second year as M.P.?
3. What excuses did he make?
4. What did Byrne realise as he watched the committee members come in?
5. Who was first to take the floor?
6. What complaints were there against the M.P.?
7. Why was suddenly Byrne seized with fear?
8. Why couldn't he afford to hear out all the committee members who wished to speak?
9. What did Byrne have to say in his defence?
10. Why did Byrne sound unconvincing?
11. What motion was put to vote?
12. How did the voting go?
13. What decision was finally taken by the meeting?
14. Why was it a narrow escape for Byrne?
15. What actually accounted for Byrne's indifference to the needs of his constituents?
16. What had been Byrne's real aims in getting elected to Parliament?
17. What lesson did Byrne draw from the experience?

*Ex. 2. Find in the text the English for:*

### Part I

- 1) за годину до початку зборів
- 2) увійти (відкривши двері своїм ключем)
- 3) житлова проблема
- 4) в будь-якому випадку
- 5) повернути чинсь довіру
- 6) відчувати ворожість
- 7) навмисно уникати когось
- 8) заздалегідь підготовлений
- 9) покладатися на когось
- 10) домагатися чиєїсь підтримки

- 11) підскочити на ноги
- 12) питання надзвичайної важливості
- 13) вжити заходів
- 14) очко на користь
- 15) виявитися замішаним в ряді інцидентів
- 16) віддати наказ
- 17) відстоювати свої принципи
- 18) прямота висловлювань
- 19) сказати в обличчя
- 20) говорити за спиною
- 21) загордитися про себе
- 22) запевнити
- 23) порушити слово
- 24) знати з досвіду
- 25) точні цифрові дані
- 26) перевірити цифрові дані
- 27) звучати непереконливо
- 28) домогтися свого

## **Part II**

- 1) вибори
- 2) член парламенту від лейбористської партії
- 3) виборці
- 4) виборчий округ
- 5) місце (в парламенті)
- 6) палата громад
- 7) порядок денний
- 8) прийти до влади
- 9) голова
- 10) внести пропозицію про вотум недовіри
- 11) підкоритися волі зборів
- 12) отримати слово
- 13) зробити запит у парламенті
- 14) внести пропозицію
- 15) підтримати пропозицію
- 16) громадський діяч
- 17) зняти пропозицію
- 18) голосувати
- 19) підраховувати голоси «за» і «проти»
- 20) утримався (при голосуванні)
- 21) міністерський портфель (пост)

*Ex. 3. Give the four forms of the following verbs.*

deal, win, lose, feel, shake, hold, nod, catch, rise, hide, grow, raise, betray, sit, stop,

reply, owe, stick, find, beat, withdraw, agree, swim.

*Ex. 4. Translate the following sentences using "whatever".*

1. **Чим би він** не займався, він завжди доводить справу до кінця.
2. **Які б** не були її сумніви, це не повинно вплинути на її рішення.
3. **Що б** не трапалося, ви можете бути впевнені, що він не втратить голову.
4. **Що б** не говорив лектор, все становить великий інтерес для студентів.
5. У них не було **ніяких** сумнівів, що дослід пройде успішно.
6. **Все, що** стало відомо про місяць у світлі останніх відкриттів, має величезне значення для науки.
7. На переговорах треба відстоювати свою точку зору **незалежно від того**, яку позицію займе інша сторона в цьому питанні.
8. Йому доведеться прийняти їх умови, **які б вони** не були.
9. П'єса, на жаль, не справила на неї **абсолютно** ніякого враження.
10. **Яка б** не була мета його візиту, ми завжди раді бачити його.

## EXERCISES ON PREPOSITIONS AND ADVERBS

*Ex. 5. Study the following phrases and a) recall the sentences in which they are used in text; b) use them when retelling the text.*

interview smb **about** smth; by letter; **in** (the) future; one **by** one; give way **to** fear; on hand; be **behind** smth (*fig.*), to be unaware **of**; play **for**; jump **to** one's feet; get **on** with; get **through** (some business); bring **to** smb's notice; be involved **in**; amount **to**; **at** the election; start **on** a programme; let smb/smith **down**; confidence **in**; stand **up for**; put trust **in**; say **to** smb's face; basis **for**; take **into** one's confidence; **for** the best; go **back on** one's word; **in** view **of**; **in** favour **of**; concentrate **on**; busy **with**.

*Ex. 6. Fill in the blanks with prepositions or adverbs.*

### Part I

1. ... view ... the approaching conference the organisation committee is busy ... all kinds of arrangements.
2. He found it difficult to concentrate ... the work with so many people around.
3. Are you brave and honest enough to say right ... his face what you are saying ... his back?
4. It was much easier to deal ... the problem ... letter than face the angry customer and account ... all the things that ought to have been done but never had.
5. The actress's indifference gave way ... pleasure as soon as the man introduced himself as a reporter and said that he had come to interview her ... her latest successful film.
6. There was hardly anything to say ... support ... his plan.
7. Let him do the work alone, it will give him confidence ... himself.
8. ... first they couldn't make ... who was ... the plan.
9. How could she have let them ...! They put ah their trust ... her.

10. His betrayal was brought ... our knowledge only recently.
11. Having got lost ... a strange city once, I never leave the hotel now without a city-plan.
12. The young worker can be trusted ... the work, he won't spoil it.
13. With so much work ... hand I can hardly think ... going ... a holiday now.
14. He is sure to stand ... his friends ... any circumstances.
15. She did not answer the question ... once. She was evidently playing ... time.
16. I regret to say his help did not amount ... much.
17. When the old woman got ... the bus, a young man sitting next ... the door jumped ... his feet and offered her his seat.
18. The boys continued playing football unaware ... the rain.
19. If he promises something he'll never get back ... his word.
20. He was proud to have been taken ... their confidence.

## Part II

Opening the envelope Dave pulled ... a printed form:

"The Chicago Great Midland Railroad Company no longer needs the services of Mr. David Spaas as carbuilder. Mr. Spaas will report... the office ... once and hand ... the keys."

... moment Dave could not think what to do next. Surprise gave way ... anger. He had expected many kinds ... attacks, but he had not expected this; how much easier it was ... them to deal ... his case ... letter. He searched his mind trying to remember if he had made any mistakes ... the job that could have given them an excuse, even a thin one, to fire him. He could think ... nothing. He put the letter ... his pocket and walked over ... Halsted Street ... breakfast.

Dave sat ... the corner and waited ... Uncle Jennison who'd most likely soon be coming ... a cup of coffee. He knew Jennison could be trusted ... his case. He would stand ... him.

When Uncle Jennison came ... Dave waited while he filled his cup, then came over ... his table. Uncle Jennison stared ... him, his cup half raised ... his lips. "I've got something ... you," Dave held ... his letter.

"They sent you this?" Jennison asked.

"Does that surprise you?"

"No, boy. I expected it. I saw it coming."

"Suppose you come ... the office ... me now, Jennison, and tell them you're going to fight ... me, support me."

Uncle Jennison shook his head. It amounted ... a refusal. He did not want to be involved. "I can't do it. I can't do it, Davey. They should have told you."

"Told me what?"

"That you're no longer a member ... this union. Now I can say nothing ... your defence or ... your favour, either."

"What are the charges they made ... me?"

"Belonging ... the Communist Party."



“Why didn’t you tell me sooner? You’ve let me ... . And I’ve put all my trust ... you. I might have had a chance to defend myself.” Dave’s voice betrayed his excitement.  
“They wouldn’t have given you the chance, boy.”  
(after “The Great Midland” by A. Saxton)

*Ex. 8. Give the English for the following phrases, using the preposition ‘under’ in its different meanings. Use the phrases in sentences of your own.*

- I. а) під будинком, під підлогою, під дахом, під мостом, під деревом, під парасолькою; звільнити;
- б) під водою, під землею;
- с) книга під пахвою, пісок під ногами.
- II. під командою, під керівництвом, під керуванням.
- III. за (даних, таких) обставин.
- IV. згідно з домовленістю, за умовами договору, відповідно до закону.
- V. на розгляді, на обговоренні, на ремонті.
- VI. під враженням, під підозрою, під наглядом.

#### MISCELLANEOUS PHRASES

стаття під заголовком; писати під псевдонімом; жити під чужим ім’ям; народитися під щасливою зіркою; неповнолітній; діти віком до 16 років; перебувати під чийось впливом; під покривом ночі.

#### EXERCISES ON LEXICOLOGY

*Ex. 9. Read and translate the following. Give the meaning of the prefix “pre”.*

1. The local museum is reported to have received an impressive collection of exhibits belonging to pre-historic times.
2. The pre-view of a film is always a very important event.
3. Their course of action seemed to be predetermined.
4. He suspected that there was a prearranged plot on hand.
5. It looks as if you had a prejudged opinion of the man.

*Ex. 10. Recast the following using verbs with the suffix “-ize(ise)” instead of the words in bold type. Make other necessary changes.*

1. Productivity of labour largely depends on **mechanization** and automation.
2. The compact disc seems to have made a revolution in the way music is recorded and consumed.
3. What are the characteristic features of the economy of developing countries?
4. In order to sell their goods sellers will place advertisements in newspapers and magazines.
5. Realization of their plan turned out to be no easy thing under the circumstances.
6. Recognition came late in his literary career.
7. He didn’t object to criticism provided it was fair.

Ex. 11. Recast the following using adjectives with the suffix ‘-ous’ instead of the words in bold type. Make other necessary changes:

1. The **seriousness** of the situation couldn’t be denied.
2. The tourists were aware that the mountain climb was full of **danger**.
3. Her trembling hands betrayed her **anxiety**.
4. A person who is filled with **ambition** always works hard.
5. His sudden disappearance from town was a mystery.
6. The rain which **continued** for days on end delayed the construction of the bridge.
7. The book “Childe Harold’s Pilgrimage” (1812) brought Byron immediate **fame**.

Ex. 12. Paraphrase the following using verbs instead of the nouns in bold type.

1. You may put your **trust** in the man, he won’t let you down.
2. He thought he’d better make a **move** for the door before the bus stopped.
3. Two **counts** were necessary before he was certain of the figures.
4. What are the **charges** against the man?
5. In his efforts to win he depended on his friends’ **support** and **help**.
6. Don’t waste time. You’d better make a **start**.
7. It was a remarkable jump. The sportsman set a new record.
8. The man had a keen **sense** of danger.
9. She greeted me with a cheerful **smile**.

Ex. 13. Translate the following sentences into Ukrainian. Make sentences with the phrases in bold type.

1. Mechanization in agriculture went **hand in hand** with its modernization.
2. It was a **step by step** progress towards the aim he had set himself.
3. They reminded him about his promise **time after time** but he always had an excuse.
4. They were seen to walk along the street **arm in arm**.
5. The items on the agenda were taken up **one by one**.
6. Once she started on her favourite subject there was no stopping her. She would talk **on and on**.
7. **Little by little** he was coming to realize the importance of his professor’s words.

Ex. 14. Replace the words in bold type by a suitable phrasal verb from the list.

look smb up	get on with smth	get through with smth	put off
let smb down	give smb away	stand up for smth	

1. He is a good fighter the kind of man who will **defend** his principles to the last.
2. Her disappointment was obvious; it was her trembling lips that **betrayed** her.

3. Though the task was far from pleasant, there was no other way but to **start** with it. In fact, the sooner he **finished** it, the better.
4. That he should have **failed** a friend was unthinkable.
5. We hoped that our friend would **visit** us some time later in the evening.
6. The matter was all-important and could not be **postponed**.

## VOCABULARY EXERCISES

*Ex 15. Fill in the blanks with a suitable word in the correct form. Translate the sentences into Ukrainian:*

to avoid	to elect	selfish	to trust
aware	to escape	sincere	trust
to betray	favour	sincerity	to vote
confidence	to influence	to struggle	
confident	keen	to support	
defeat	to owe	support	

1. All the committee members ... in favour of the proposal.
2. There was no reason to doubt the girl's ... in wishing to help.
3. The words were out before he could check them. Now there was no way of ... embarrassment.
4. His ... at the championship was something he still had to get over. He remembered his trainer saying that it would never do to be too ... of one's success.
5. As it was, the man could produce no evidence in ... of his accusation and agreed to withdraw it.
6. If you wish for my true opinion, I'm not very ... on detective stories, they never seem to amount to much.
7. From long years of experience he had learned to ... nobody's judgement in such matters but his own.
8. The young scientist ... much of his success to the professor who had always ... him whole-heartedly in whatever he did.
9. He had certainly been most ... in his intentions, but what actually came of his efforts is quite a different matter.
10. The students had met to ... someone as their representative on the committee.
11. I made another effort but it was hopeless. It looked as if the name had ... my memory completely.
12. The doctor walked on, lost in thought, and it was several minutes before he became ... of what was happening around.
13. My friend explained that the information had been given him in ... and he just couldn't see himself betraying the ... put in him.
14. The young man's manner clearly ... his emotion. He was asking no ..., he said, he was demanding his rights.

15. ... people seldom have friends.
16. The boat was ... against a heavy wind.
17. It was useless trying to ... the girl. Her mind was made up.

*Ex. 16. Paraphrase the following, using words and word combinations from the text. Make all other necessary changes.*

to escape smb's notice	to be keen on smth (2)	to influence	to give way to
a narrow escape	to defeat	to play for smth	to avoid

1. **First she laughed and then she cried**, as it often happens with people who are overexcited.
2. **He was all but killed in the accident.**
3. Her words **had no effect on me**, as I had made my choice and would stick to it whatever happened.
4. It seemed funny that in all my walks about the city **I had never noticed** the house before.
5. There was no **getting away from** the truth; it was staring him in the face. 6. The speaker was obviously **trying to win** the support of the audience.
6. The man had always been **ambitious for** success.
7. He had lost the game, but he was not **beaten** yet. There was still plenty of fight in him.
8. He was a man of broad interests, **fond of** many things and especially music.

*Ex. 17. Speak on the following topics. Use the words and phrases given below.*

### **1. John Byrne, Labour MP, Arrives In Marshfield**

to get a message; to request smb's presence; to hurry down; to let oneself in; to take a look around; an election poster; to advertise smb; to intend to do smth; to interview constituents; housing problems; individual problems; to come to the conclusion that; to deal with smth by letter; no point in doing smth; to make excuses; to ignore one's duties; to wonder about the message; to make a guess; to win back one's constituents; not to afford to lose one's seat in Parliament.

### **2. The Committee Members Show Their Attitude**

**Jimmy March**: the Party Secretary; to carry a pile of agendas; avoid smb obviously; to be hostile in one's attitude to smb; to show one's hostility; to make sarcastic remarks; **Charlie Drake**: the chairman; anxious; nervous; to be faced with an unpleasant task; to have no reassurance to offer smb; to express the general attitude; to go with the will of the meeting; not to promise support; to wonder about the best way to handle the matter; not to be keen on smth; to find smth embarrassing; **Committee members**: to smile and to nod to smb; to avoid smb intentionally; to avoid catching smb's eye; the younger members; to be behind the plot; the older members; to sense the atmosphere; to be unaware of the details.

### **3. Byrne Senses Danger**

an experienced politician; to take in the situation at a glance; to realise smth; a prearranged plot on hand; to give way to; to fight down panic; to play for smb's support; to play the game carefully; to watch one's step; to deny everything.

### **4. The Heart of the Matter**

**Ted Collins:** to take the floor; to express the general opinion of the meeting; to make a statement concerning a vital matter; to be eager to get on with smth; to be supported by the meeting; to make an accusation; to ask smb to account for his line of action; to be involved in a series of incidents; to amount to direct betrayal of the cause; to support a program of repressions; a wicked imperialist adventure; to support a reactionary regime in suppressing a democratically elected assembly; to be expected to safeguard democracy; to betray smb; to have no confidence in smb; not to stand up for one's principles; to call smb a turncoat; to refuse to put one's trust in smb; to let smb down; to expose smb fully; to move a proposal;

**Sarah Robson:** to support the charges; to have more proofs; to wish to clear up the matter with smb; to ignore the needs of the constituents; serious complaints; to second the motion;

**Alderman Raymond Glen:** blunt speaking; to be one's motto; to say smth to a man's face; to get too big for one's boots; to owe smth to smb; to remind smb of his duties.

### **5. Byrne Decides It is Time to Act**

to rise firmly; not to dare allow another speech against himself; to think feverishly; to look for a reasonable explanation; to talk smoothly; to account for the incident; an imaginary meeting with the Prime Minister; to invent smth on the spot; to take smb into one's confidence; to give firm promises; to realise that one is sticking his neck out too far; to think of all the possibilities; to make smb responsible for smth; to accuse smb of smth; to deceive smb; to go back on one's word; to invent further explanations; to answer the charge about ignoring the constituency; to make one's words sound emphatic, almost sincere; to address public meetings; to make one's contribution to the defeat of the Tories; to invent the figures; to learn from experience; to be effective; to be in no position to check the figures; not to sound convincing; to have a sense of defeat; to deceive no one.

### **6. The Matter is Put to the Vote**

to be on the agenda; to move a proposal; to second the motion; to refuse to withdraw one's motion; a vote of no confidence; to vote by a show of hands; to count the votes; to vote in favour of (against); an abstention; the chairman; to sum up the general opinion; to put smb on trial.

### **7. Byrne Draws His Own Conclusions**

a narrow escape; to suffer shock, to be overconfident, selfish, ambitious; to have no principles; to aim at a successful political career; to be prepared to pay any price; to betray the interests of the constituents; to ignore the needs of the constituency; to promote one's selfish aim; one's true ambition; one's step-by-step progress in Parliament; not to change; not to be influenced by smth; to take the warning; to be more careful in the future.

*Ex. 18. Fill in the blanks with 'avoid' or 'escape' according to tin sense. Translate the sentences into Ukrainian.*

1. The best way to ... influenza during a flu epidemic is to ... crowd.
2. He wondered how that particular detail could have ... his attention.
3. She usually walked home from the office to ... the rush hour crowds in the underground.
4. She's a very observant person, nothing ever seems to ... her notice.
5. As usual the boy had got away with his tricks and ... punishment.
6. The title of the book ... my memory.
7. Only when the car had passed did he realise how close he had been to danger and how lucky he was in ... it.
8. Several times the Gadfly had narrowly ... being caught by the police.
9. He didn't ask any personal questions ... embarrassing his visitor.
10. For some time now he had been ... our company.
11. There could be no mistake about the hissing sound, it was gas ... from the container.
12. They say that the only way to get the best of an argument is to ... it.

*Ex. 19. Translate the following sentences using the verbs 'to choose' or 'to elect' according to the sense.*

1. Збори одноголосно обрали Марічку головою студентського наукового товариства.
2. З усіх запропонованих тем він вибрав саме цю, оскільки проблема розвитку життя на землі його завжди дуже цікавила.
3. Не так-то легко вибрати в подарунок належну книгу. Тут треба врахувати і смак, і інтерес, і навіть вік.
4. Кого обрали делегатом на профспілкову конференцію від вашої групи?
5. Якби їй запропонували почати спочатку, вона б вибрала ту ж саму професію – професію перекладача.
6. Нашого професора вибрали депутатом до місцевої ради.

## **ADDITIONAL EXERCISES ON GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY**

*Ex. 20. Translate into English using Subjunctive Mood forms and active vocabulary units.*

1. Я вимагаю, аби усі присутні зареєструвалися за годину до початку зборів.

2. Цікаво, що завадило йому відкрити двері своїм ключем.
3. Не можу повірити, що ти переймаєшся через житлову проблему.
4. У будь-якому випадку тобі було б краще повернути довіру виборців.
5. Я наполягаю, щоб голоси «за» і «проти» були перераховані чесно.
6. Час тобі вже забути про міністерський портфель.
7. Дивно, що він не відчув ворожість під час зборів.
8. Ти поводишся, начебто навмисно уникаєш мене.
9. Бажано, щоб усі взяли участь у виборах.
10. Головнокомандуючий віддав наказ відправити війська до Сирії.
11. Чи можливо, щоб він сам вніс пропозицію, а потім утримався під час голосування?
12. Батько наполягав, щоб я не покладався на плани, що не були підготовлені заздалегідь.
13. Громадяни вимагають, аби громадські діячі не порушували закон.
14. Якби ти не підскочив на ноги, ваза не розбилася б.
15. Необхідно, аби ми домоглися підтримки члена парламенту від лейбористської партії.
16. Чи можливо, щоб парламент відклав обговорення цього питання надзвичайної важливості?
17. Якби я отримав слово, я міг би сказати, що підкорюся волі зборів.
18. Сумнівно, щоб він наважився зробити маневр першим.
19. Час вже вам підтримати пропозицію перевірити цифрові дані.
20. Він посміхнувся, начебто подумав «Один : нуль на мою користь».
21. Що б вони не казали, він відмовлявся зняти свою пропозицію залишити Палату громад.
22. Шкода, що твої аргументи звучать непереконливо.
23. Ти ховаєшся від мене, начебто замішаний у ряді інцидентів.
24. Я пропоную зробити запит у парламенті.
25. Я б теж виглядала задоволеною, аби домоглася свого.
26. Я наполягаю, щоб ви поважали його за вміння відстоювати свої принципи та прямоту висловлювань.
27. Складається враження, начебто ти порушила слово і знов пліткувала у мене за спиною.
28. А що як голова внесе пропозицію про вотум недовіри?
29. Шкода, що він так загордився про себе.
30. Дивно, що така маленька партія прийшла до влади.
31. Якби ж тільки ти сказав мені, що знаєш з власного досвіду, як легко він дає тверді запевнення!
32. Що б сталося, якби я сказала йому в обличчя, що він ніколи не побачить місця в парламенті?
33. Це смішно, що «точні» цифрові дані виявилися брехнею.
34. Життєво необхідно, аби питання про проблеми нашого виборчого округу було внесено до порядку денного.

Ex 21. Match the words and combinations in the two columns.

1	a vote	a	self-centered
2	confident	b	to beat
3	keen as mustard	c	considering
4	to avoid smb like the plague	d	self-reliant
5	to support	e	to strive
6	to betray a secret	f	excited, interested and eager
7	selfish	g	to affect
8	to struggle	h	ballot
9	to owe smb money	i	to give away secrets
10	a favour	j	to back
11	to escape danger	k	to be in debt
12	to defeat the enemy	l	to get out
13	influence	m	an act of kind assistance
14	in view of	n	to evade or elude at any cost

Ex. 22. Fill in the blanks with active vocabulary units.

- Thanks for helping me out. I'll return the \_\_\_\_\_ some time.
- Each elector may \_\_\_\_\_ in the first ballot for no more than 18 candidates.
- I am \_\_\_\_\_ that with the benefit of your diplomatic experience and skill our deliberations will be most fruitful.
- I have an adult pupil who scored very low in assessments but is \_\_\_\_\_.
- Since Bob was taken into police custody, his friends have been \_\_\_\_\_ him and his family \_\_\_\_\_.
- There's not much I can do at the doctor's office, but I'll come with you to give you moral \_\_\_\_\_.
- Paul Burrell has refused \_\_\_\_\_ of Princess Diana, despite millions of offers.
- Do you think I'm being \_\_\_\_\_ by not letting her go?
- I've been \_\_\_\_\_ to understand this article all afternoon.
- The football club still \_\_\_\_\_ £2.3 million.
- She helps me out when I have too much to do, and I return the \_\_\_\_\_ when I can.
- In the end she left home just \_\_\_\_\_ the tyrannical rule of her mother.
- My father believed that to truly \_\_\_\_\_ you must know him better than yourself.
- We live in an increasingly secular society, in which religion has less and less \_\_\_\_\_ on our daily lives.
- \_\_\_\_\_ his good behavior, the parole board has decided to consider early release.



*Ex. 23. Fill in the prepositions.*

1. Though we may not agree with them, we have to give way \_\_\_\_\_ younger voters eventually.
2. It was in 1982 that his name was first brought \_\_\_\_\_ our notice.
3. When I was sent to prison, I really felt I had let my parents \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Don't be bullied, learn to stand \_\_\_\_\_ yourself and what you believe in.
5. I hate to go \_\_\_\_\_ my word, but I won't pay you \$100 after all.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ view \_\_\_\_\_ the mass shooting, the premier of the film was postponed.
7. He has a huge amount of influence \_\_\_\_\_ the city council.
8. A lion has escaped from its cage.
9. The Council voted \_\_\_\_\_ favour \_\_\_\_\_ a £200 million housing development.
10. The sound of the door closing deceived me \_\_\_\_\_ thinking they had gone out.
11. Look here now, supposing I had kissed your hand just now, as I offered to do \_\_\_\_\_ all sincerity, should I have hated you for it afterwards?
12. "Prince, I humbly beg you to pay me at once the fifty dollars you owe me \_\_\_\_\_ the month," I fired off like a shot, in a tone of irritability that was positively rude.
13. We were obviously wrong to put our trust \_\_\_\_\_ her.
14. My family has always supported me \_\_\_\_\_ whatever I've wanted to do.
15. He's rather keen \_\_\_\_\_ a girl in his school.
16. Wales are supremely confident \_\_\_\_\_ winning the match.
17. We need to support our teachers \_\_\_\_\_ their efforts to raise standards.
18. No wonder he is keen \_\_\_\_\_ quantity of mates, and she \_\_\_\_\_ quality.
19. I'd trust her \_\_\_\_\_ my life.

*Ex. 24. Fill in the gaps with the words and phrases from vocabulary notes.*

1. When someone \_\_\_\_\_ we should regard their secret as a sacred trust.
2. If I'd been \_\_\_\_\_ that things were so serious, I'd have told the police.
3. You've been a great \_\_\_\_\_ my mum in this difficult time.
4. Did his god help him when his own nephew \_\_\_\_\_ him \_\_\_\_\_ our enemies?
5. 54% of \_\_\_\_\_ were \_\_\_\_\_, 30% against, and the rest were undecided.
6. He was very \_\_\_\_\_ in shaping the government's economic strategy.
7. It would be a bit \_\_\_\_\_ to keep them all for myself.
8. If we set off early tomorrow morning we'll \_\_\_\_\_ most of the traffic.
9. He accused the ruling party of \_\_\_\_\_.
10. My background was two graduate professional parents who \_\_\_\_\_ academic success.
11. There was a fall in \_\_\_\_\_ the Republican Party at the last \_\_\_\_\_.
12. The Constitution requires that all \_\_\_\_\_ vote on the same day, and this has always been done.

13. I am not a fan of parties – in fact I \_\_\_\_\_ them like \_\_\_\_\_.
14. She was too young \_\_\_\_\_ the election.
15. Talks resumed today after Parliament passed \_\_\_\_\_ the government.
16. While it is too early to record any positive results yet, Pam is quietly \_\_\_\_\_ that it will help.
17. Within a short period of time women and men were \_\_\_\_\_, and I felt that I was a part of their lives.
18. The letter was marked 'Personal. Strictly \_\_\_\_\_'.
19. In addition this animal has an exceptionally \_\_\_\_\_ sense of smell.
20. It was like waking up from a long sleep, I gradually became more \_\_\_\_\_ what was going on.
21. There is a growing current of \_\_\_\_\_ green issues among voters.
22. We've entered a new world of politics now, where no one can \_\_\_\_\_ and the truth doesn't matter.
23. He spoke \_\_\_\_\_; she knew he was telling her the truth about his name.
24. I didn't intend \_\_\_\_\_ people \_\_\_\_\_ thinking it was French champagne.
25. Many locals and individual unions have voted \_\_\_\_\_ a one-day general strike.
26. If it hadn't been for the collar, she could easily have broken free and \_\_\_\_\_.
27. Napoleon was \_\_\_\_\_ by the Duke of Wellington at the battle of Waterloo.
28. He won the \_\_\_\_\_ and thus led one of the most \_\_\_\_\_ and powerful states in America.
29. People's voting habits are \_\_\_\_\_ political, social and economic factors.
30. She never considers anyone but herself – she's totally \_\_\_\_\_.

*Ex. 25. Paraphrase the underlined words or phrases using synonyms from the vocabulary notes and word combinations.*

1. Politicians should be accountable to the public who put them in power.
2. Try to keep away from foods that contain a lot of fat.
3. Instead he was too unsuspicious, perhaps, too sure of his abilities to keep everything together.
4. It is essential that people retain faith and credence in the judicial system.
5. A person's medical records are private.
6. Hamish and his wife were expert fly fishers and passionate gardeners.
7. People are becoming more informed about environmental problems.
8. I think it is important to assist local businesses by buying locally.
9. In the end, the records and messages in his mobile give him away and his affairs are exposed.
10. People revealed him their most personal matters and valued his advice and encouragement.
11. You shouldn't be so naïve – people take advantage of you.

12. He looks very reliable and professional and I hope things work out for him.
13. The committee writes to express heartfelt thanks to all those who backed us up and donated prizes.
14. He tried to fool employers and police by changing his middle name from Philip to Clayton.
15. If a majority of members approve of strike action, dates for a walkout will be announced.
16. They only just avoided injury of even death when the car crashed.
17. The North beat the South in the American Civil War.
18. She had admitted loss well before all the votes were counted.
19. Johnson was authoritative in persuading to put money into the film.
20. The government's campaign is aimed at shaping public opinion.

*Ex. 26. Translate into English using Subjunctive Mood forms and active vocabulary units.*

1. Громадськість вимагає, щоб передвиборну кампанію припинили і вибори були проведені негайно.
2. Дивно, що він уникає мене останнім часом.
3. Не можу повірити, що ти віддав голос за цього мерзотника.
4. Боюсь, він занадто впевнений у собі.
5. Боюсь, він зі шкіри буде лізти, щоб добути цю конфіденційну інформацію.
6. Він повадився так, нібито прекрасно усвідомлював небезпеку.
7. Боюсь, я втратив бізнес і не зможу утримувати сім'ю.
8. Він опустил очі, щоб не видати своїх почуттів.
9. Я зроблю все можливе, щоб ти не вийшла заміж за цього егоїста.
10. Тобі доведеться схуднути, щоб влізти в цю сукню.
11. Як ти міг забути, що всім зобов'язаний мені?
12. Я наполягаю, щоб ти був зі мною відвертим.
13. Боюся, як би він обманом не залишив тебе без квартири.
14. Він посміхався так, нібито надав мені величезну послугу.
15. Боюся, він знову unikнув покарання.
16. Шкода, що ти знаходишся під впливом людини, яка неодноразово підводила тебе.
17. Необхідно, щоб ти припинив шукати виправдання своїм лінощам.
18. З огляду на те, що він відмовився від своїх слів, пропоную оголосити йому вотум недовіри.
19. Не може бути, що така впливова людина шукає підтримки у простого вчителя.
20. Ми вимагаємо, щоб він виступив на підтримку своїх виборців.
21. Боюся, він забув довести до вашого відома, що ви звільнені.
22. Як шкода, що любов так швидко змінилася ненавистю.
23. Якби ти першим зробив хід, на тобі зараз не висіло б стільки проблем.

24. Важливо, щоб ти довів цю справу до кінця.
25. Не може бути, що ти отримав повідомлення про звільнення.
26. Сумнівно, що ти не знаєш, скільки кандидатів бере участь у виборах.
27. Я можу сказати тобі по секрету, що він уникає розмов про одруження, як чуми.
28. Я наполягаю, щоб голову позбавили права ставити подібні питання на голосування.
29. Навіть якщо б я більше йому довіряла, я не підтримала б його в цьому проекті.
30. Якби не його гострий розум, він би не зрозумів, як тонко його обдурили.
31. Його зраду можна було б пояснити егоїзмом, якби я не знала його стільки років.
32. Я вимагаю, щоб ти зізнався, скільки ти винен за свою квартиру.
33. Пора розповісти всім про вперту, але нечесну боротьбу за голоси виборців.
34. Обурює, що така нещирість знаходить підтримку.
35. Ти злишся, нібито я обдурила тебе в твоїх очікуваннях.
36. Він щасливо посміхався, нібито карти лягли на його користь.
37. Боюся, їм не вдалося врятуватися з потопаючого корабля.
38. Якби не насмішки, його поразка не була б такою принизливою.
39. Пора зрозуміти, що не слід так впливати на сина.
40. Всіх обурює, що правляча партія вкрала стільки голосів виборців.
41. Якби не його впевненість, я б давно здалася.
42. Якби я так сильно не любила морозиво, я б важила набагато менше.
43. Вона не відреагувала, ніби не помічала того, що відбувається навколо.
44. Якби не підпора, стіна давно б завалилася.
45. Якби ти видала мій секрет, я б тебе вбила.
46. Якби не його безкорисливість, ми ніколи не провели б благодійний ярмарок.
47. Я зупинила б його, якби його ім'я не вислизнуло у мене з голови.
48. Під впливом обставин він змушений був публічно визнати поразку.
49. Справжній друг обов'язково став би на твій захист.
50. Я попереджаю тебе зараз, щоб ти встиг забрати гроші з банку до настання кризи в керівництві.

## SUPPLEMENTARY SECTION

### PHRASAL VERBS AND IDIOMS

#### PART I

*Ex. 1. Read the Manifesto paying specific attention to the items in **bold**.*

#### LOCAL ELECTION MANIFESTO

Independent Party **manifesto** for the local **council** elections. We will:

- **Stand up for** the community and speak **on behalf** of **residents** on green issues.
- **Take** complaints **seriously**, and **give** neighbourhoods **a say** in local decisions.
- **Allocate** better funding for youth projects and **ensure** they are properly managed.
- Provide **grants** for **voluntary** organizations helping with the elderly and disabled.

*Ex. 2. Study the glossary and translate the following items into Ukrainian.*

English	Definition	Ukrainian
<b>manifesto</b>	a written statement by a political party saying what they believe in and what they intend to do	
<b>council</b>	the organization that provides local government in a city or area. A <b>councilor</b> is an elected member of the council	
<b>stand up for</b>	support or defend smth/smb. <i>syn</i> <b>stick up for smb</b> <i>inf</i>	
<b>on behalf of smb;</b> <b>on smb's behalf</b>	as the representative of <b>smb</b>	
<b>resident</b>	a person who lives in a particular place	
<b>take seriously</b>	think that smth/smb is important and deserves respect	
<b>say</b>	the right to take part in deciding smth ( <b>give smb a say / have a say in smth</b> )	
<b>allocate smth</b>	give smth officially to smb/smth for a particular purpose	
<b>ensure smth</b>	make sure that smth happens or is definite	
<b>grant</b>	a sum of money given, often by the government, for a	

	purpose	
<b>voluntary</b>	(of work) done by people ( <b>volunteers</b> ) who choose to do it without being paid (the <b>voluntary sector</b> includes organizations called <b>charities or charity organizations</b> , which help people in need)	

Ex. 3. One word is incorrect in each sentence. Cross it out and write the correct word at the end.

1. I've read the manifests and they all say the same thing. \_\_\_\_\_
2. They should give us a say to what happens in our city. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Do you think the councilors will make our ideas seriously?  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. My sister's done a lot of work for the volunteer sector. \_\_\_\_\_
5. She spoke movingly on behalf for all of us. \_\_\_\_\_
6. They should stand out for people who don't have a say. \_\_\_\_\_

Ex. 4. Complete the sentences with glossary units.

1. There are no local \_\_\_\_\_ in my town who speak on my \_\_\_\_\_.
2. How much do local \_\_\_\_\_ help \_\_\_\_\_ organizations such as "Help the Aged"?
3. I don't really feel I \_\_\_\_\_ a say in local politics.
4. Local politicians should \_\_\_\_\_ up for people and \_\_\_\_\_ their ideas seriously.
5. Do you think you can get a \_\_\_\_\_ from the council to improve your home?
6. There are thousands of British \_\_\_\_\_ living in other parts of Europe.

## PART II

Ex. 1. Read the text below paying specific attention to the words **in bold**.

### THE ROLE OF THE MAYOR

The **Mayor** of London is elected by any Londoners **eligible** to vote, and has quite a **high profile**. The mayor is the capital's **spokesperson**; he has a range of powers and duties, such as **promoting** economic development. He **sets** the annual **budget** for the Greater London Authority (the **strategic city-wide** government for London). He heads the Metropolitan Police Authority (which provides **policing** in the capital), the Fire Service, the London Development **Agency**, and finally, Transport for London

(which controls the transport **network**). He also **chairs** meetings of the board of Transport for London.

Ex. 2. Study the glossary and translate the following items into Ukrainian.

English	Definition	Ukrainian
<b>mayor</b>	the most important chosen or elected official in a town or city	
<b>eligible</b>	allowed by rules or laws to do or receive smth. <i>opp.</i> <b>ineligible</b>	
<b>high profile</b>	a person or thing with a high profile gets attention and is easily noticed ( <i>a high-profile job</i> )	
<b>spokesperson</b>	a person who speaks on behalf of a group or an organization	
<b>promote smth</b>	help smth to happen or develop. <i>n</i> promotion	
<b>budget</b>	the amount of money a person or organization has to spend on smth (set a <b>budget</b> = decide a budget)	
<b>strategic</b>	carefully planned in order to achieve a particular goa. <i>n</i> <b>strategy</b>	
<b>city-wide</b>	happening or existing across the whole of a city (also nationwide, worldwide)	
<b>policing</b>	the activity of keeping order in a place, using the police	
<b>agency</b>	a business or government department that provides a particular service (employment/advertising/travel agency)	
<b>network</b>	a system of roads, lines, wires, etc. that are connected to each other	
<b>chair (a meeting)</b>	be in charge of (a meeting)	

Ex. 3. Tick the words which are possible. One, two, or three words may be possible.

1. The robbery has produced a *nationwide* \_\_\_ *city-wide* \_\_\_ *worldwide*\_\_\_ police

investigation.

2. Our department is responsible for the *transport* \_\_ *budget* \_\_ *road* \_\_ network.
3. The job has a high *profile* \_\_ *policing* \_\_ *promotion* \_\_ .
4. My uncle is the *chairman* \_\_ *chairperson* \_\_ *chairwoman* \_\_ of the transport committee.
5. We heard the *chair* \_\_ *spokesperson* \_\_ *spokesman* \_\_ making a statement to the press.
6. People under 21 may be *eligible* \_\_ *ineligible* \_\_ *strategic* \_\_ to vote in the election.

Ex. 4. Complete the sentences with a suitable word.

1. We need a large force to \_\_\_\_\_ the city.
2. He \_\_\_\_\_ the city around the world.
3. Mrs Bryant will \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting.
4. He runs an employment \_\_\_\_\_.
5. She sets the annual \_\_\_\_\_ .
6. The rail \_\_\_\_\_ is very complicated.
7. If you're over 18, you're \_\_\_\_\_ to vote.
8. We have an elected \_\_\_\_\_ in our city.

### PART III

#### TO TAKE

Ex. 1. Study the following examples and meanings of the phrasal verb "to take".

*Take* often carries a meaning of 'remove', as in:

We hope you will *take* many happy memories *away from* your stay here.

Phil's boss has agreed to *take* him *off* the night shift.

Helen *took* her parents *out* for a meal.

*Take* also sometimes carries a meaning of doing something quickly or something happening quickly or abruptly, for example:

Take it away!, to take *aback* (surprise), to take *off* (of a plane) and to take *out* (kill or destroy in a military battle).

Ex.2. Study these examples of the phrasal verb "to take" in the context and translate it into Ukrainian. Below you can see the meanings of these verbs.

#### ORGANIZING A CHARITY CONCERT

I must say I was *taken aback*<sup>1</sup> when I saw how much cost was involved but I wanted it to be a memorable experience for people. A huge amount of time was *taken up*<sup>2</sup> with phone calls persuading sponsors to be involved, and so on. The *uptake*<sup>3</sup> was slow at first, but bit by bit we managed to persuade local companies and individuals to support us. The work didn't end when the concert was over. We spent a whole day *taking down*<sup>4</sup> the stage set and lighting and so on, but none of that *took away from*<sup>5</sup>



the pleasure we got organizing it. And I think the audience *took away*<sup>6</sup> something that will stay with them for a long time. Overall it was worth it – a great experience for all involved.

<sup>1</sup> very surprised

<sup>2</sup> used

<sup>3</sup> a number of people who committed themselves

<sup>4</sup> removing by separating into pieces and taking the pieces away

<sup>5</sup> made it seem less good or successful

<sup>6</sup> remember (used about e.g. a memory, an impression, a message)

*Ex. 3. Study other examples of the phrasal verb “to take” and translate them into Ukrainian.*

<i>phrasal verb/noun</i>	<i>example</i>	<i>definition of phrasal verb/noun</i>
take smb away	He <b>took</b> his mum <b>away</b> for a week to the coast.	take to a different place
take out smth; take smth out	I <b>took</b> a great DVD <b>out</b> of the library last week.	borrow
take up smth; take smth up	The tutor promised to <b>take</b> the problem <b>up</b> with the Head of Department.	discuss something or deal with something
take along smb /smth; take smb /smth along	I'd advise you <b>to take along</b> an umbrella.	take with you
intake	This year's <b>intake</b> has higher exam grades than last year's.	number of people that are accepted at a particular time by an organization, especially a college or university
take-off	He does a brilliant <b>take-off</b> of Michael Jackson.	imitation
take smb off smth	He was put in charge of security but he was <b>taken off</b> after just two weeks as he was not strict enough.	remove from a job
	The doctor <b>took her off</b> the pills as they were making her sick.	stop giving someone a particular type

Ex. 4. Which of the phrasal verbs can have the following meanings?

- 1) surprise someone \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) detract from something \_\_\_\_\_
- 3) leave an airport (of a plane) \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) destroy a military target \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) borrow (of a library book) \_\_\_\_\_

Ex. 5. Complete these sentences with the correct particles.

1. My French cousin is coming to stay next week, so I plan to take her \_\_\_\_ when I visit my daughter at university.
2. When you're at the library, can you return this book and take \_\_\_\_ another one by the same author for me, please?
3. Personally, I took \_\_\_\_ a very good impression of France when I went there.
4. Joe was quite taken \_\_\_\_ to learn that his application had been unsuccessful.
5. Much of Nicky's time is taken \_\_\_\_ with dealing with customer complaints.
6. Grandma asked the doctor to rake her \_\_\_\_ those tablets as she thought they were making her feel sick.

Ex. 6. Rewrite the sentences using a phrasal verb or noun based on take. Remember to make all the changes to the sentences that are necessary.

1. Martin does the best imitation of the Prime Minister that I have ever seen.
2. A ridiculous amount of my time is occupied by dealing with emails.
3. Even the rain could not detract from the beauty of the scene.
4. I was very surprised when I was told that I was no longer allowed to park in front of my own house.
5. Would you like me to raise your concerns with the manager?
6. We are expecting a particularly large group of students to arrive next week.
7. We decided it would be nicer to invite our aunt for a weekend in a hotel with us rather than having her stay with us.
8. The number of people wanting a place at the weekend seminar has been rather disappointing.

Ex. 7. Rewrite these sentences so that the underlined words have the opposite meaning. Make any other changes that are necessary.

1. Let's put up the decorations tomorrow.
2. The doctor has agreed to put my elderly aunt on some pills for her arthritis.
3. When she went into town Sheila returned some library books for her grandmother.
4. My favourite part of a flight is when the plane lands.
5. Norman's being there added to our enjoyment of the evening.
6. After Jack had been working in the kitchens for a week, he was put on washing-up duties.

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